

AGENDA

Newport Public Services Board – 21 November 2017

10.00 am

Civic Centre, Newport NP20 4UR

1. Welcome and Introductions
2. Apologies
3. Minutes of the meeting held 12 September 2017

Strategy and Policy

4. Future Generations Commissioner's Advice (report and summary of advice attached)
5. Consultation Draft of the Local Well-being Plan – Plan Sub-group: Emma Wakeham, Jeff Scrivens, Leah MacDonald, Andrew Robinson (report and draft plan attached)
6. Well-being Plan development – engagement next steps: Tracy McKim, Newport City Council

Delivery

7. City Centre Masterplan: Beverley Owen, Newport City Council (presentation)
8. Forward Work Programme (attached)
9. Meeting Dates:
 - 12 December 2017 at Newport City Campus, University of South Wales
 - 13 March 2017 – Venue to be agreed
 - 1 May 2017 – Venue to be agreed (This meeting is to agree the final Local Well-being Plan)

Contact: Nicola Dance: 01633 656656; E-mail nicola.dance@newport.gov.uk
Date: 15 November 2017

PSB Terms of reference – The PSB's terms of reference are available on [One Newport website](#)

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Minutes

Newport Public Services Board

Date: 12 September 2017: Newport City Homes, Nexus House, Newport

Time: 10.00 am

Present:

Statutory Partners:

Newport City Council: Councillor D Wilcox (in the Chair); W Godfrey (Chief Executive); T McKim (Partnership Manager); N Dance (PSB Coordinator) E Wakeham , K Duffin

Aneurin Bevan Health Board: N Prygodzicz

South Wales Fire and Rescue Service: J Scrivens

Natural Resources Wales: S Morgan

Invited Partners:

Welsh Government: A John

Heddlu Gwent Police: Supt M Williams

Public Health Wales: W Beer

Office of Police & Crime Commissioner: J Cuthbert, L Webber,

GAVO: M Featherstone

RSLs: C Doyle

University of South Wales: T Griffin

Coleg Gwent: G Handley

Apologies: K Dew (Aneurin Bevan University Health Board), C Davies (Natural Resources Wales) J Williams (Heddlu Gwent Police), N Davies (Probation Service), S Aitken (Public Health Wales), H Williams (University of South Wales)

No	Item	Action
1	<p>Minutes</p> <p>The Minutes of the meeting of the Public Services Board held on 20 June, 2017 were confirmed as a true record.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Re Minute 6: Terms of Reference – N Dance reported that the financial resources clause had been simplified. The terms of reference would be circulated to members and published on the One Newport website. • Re Minute 8: Scrutiny of the PSB – T McKim reported that Welsh Government had issued new guidance to Scrutiny Committees regarding PSB scrutiny. The guidance would be taken into account in preparing a summary note for PSB members on their roles and responsibilities with regard to scrutiny. • Re Minute 13: Apprenticeships - Members were requested to return any outstanding questionnaires regarding apprenticeships so that a potential PSB apprenticeship model could be developed. 	N Dance T McKim All
2	<p>Local Well-being Plan Development</p> <p>The Board considered progress to date on the development of the Local Well-being Plan and the further steps proposed for the Plan to be in place by 3rd May 2018.</p> <p>The next step was a series of workshops with wider partners to identify interventions to address the PSB's thirteen emerging priorities.</p> <p>Well-being objectives also needed to be developed to reflect where the PSB considered collective action could be taken to impact positively on the state of well-being of the area.</p> <p>Members commented on the need to connect local people with the Plan and agreed that this would best be achieved through engagement work focused on the interventions.</p> <p>Agreed</p> <p>That the PSB identifies a number of key cross-cutting interventions that would span the 13 priorities and maximise contribution to all the Well-being Goals.</p>	Sub group: T McKim, E Wakeham, J Scrivens, L MacDonald, A Robinson
3	Scrutiny of the PSB	
	As part of the newly agreed process for scrutiny of the PSB,	

	<p>the Chair of the Performance Scrutiny Committee – Partnerships, Councillor Majid Rahman, had written to the PSB following the Committee's inaugural meeting.</p> <p>The letter outlined the Committee's comments on the PSB's Single Integrated Plan Annual Report, noted that the Scrutiny Committee had received the Local Well-being Assessment for information and outlined the timetable for receipt of reports from the PSB going forward.</p> <p>Councillor Rahman attended the meeting as part of the process of developing links between the Scrutiny Committee and the PSB. He indicated that the discussions with SIP theme leads regarding the Annual Report had been robust and helpful.</p> <p>The Board indicated that it wished to work positively with the Scrutiny Committee. The Chair suggested that PSB members may wish to attend a meeting of the Scrutiny Committee to see how it operates. Individual PSB members, including NRW, University of South Wales, the Police and Crime Commissioner, offered to present to Scrutiny on the work they do. Councillor Rahman indicated that he would be inviting PSB members to present to the Committee.</p> <p>Agreed</p> <p>That this minute be shared with the Scrutiny Committee.</p> <p><i>(Councillor Majid Rahman, Chair of Performance Scrutiny – Partnerships, attended for this item)</i></p>	T McKim N Dance
4	<p>PSB Sub-groups – Terms of Reference</p> <p>The Board considered a report which proposed amendments to the terms of reference (ToRs) of the PSB's sub-groups.</p> <p>Members commented on the need to include reference to public involvement and participation in the ToRs for the Community and Engagement Group.</p> <p>Agreed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. To change the name of the Single Integrated Plan (SIP) Board to the 'One Newport Strategy & Performance Board'; to extend the membership of the Board to include all statutory members (Newport City Council; Aneurin Bevan University Health Board; South Wales Fire & Rescue Service; and Natural Resources Wales); and to approve the updated roles & responsibilities. ii. Statutory members to nominate representatives to sit on 	Statutory

	<p>the Strategy and Performance Board</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ii. To approve the revised terms of reference for the Well-being Plan Sub-group, the Single Integrated Plan Theme Board and the Single Integrated Plan Priority Working Group. iii. To approve the revised terms of reference for the Community Engagement Group subject to referencing public involvement and participation. iv. To note that the delivery theme boards will be reviewed in April to reflect the requirements of the Wellbeing Plan. 	members T McKim
5	<p>Single Integrated Plan – Quarter 1 Performance Report</p> <p>The key themes within the Single Integrated Plan were:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Economy & Skills • Health & Wellbeing • Safe & Cohesive Communities <p>A performance dashboard had been compiled for each of the themes for the first quarter and each was circulated to the PSB. The dashboards set out a summary of performance under the headings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Key achievements & successes • Underperformance & risks • Key performance measures • Plans for next quarter <p>Lead Officers updated the PSB on progress and responded to questions.</p> <p>Pill Action – Update</p> <p>Supt Matt Williams updated the Board on the range of action underway in Pill. This included a number of high profile police operations, and joint activity with partners and the community, such as Operation Absorb, which had received positive feedback.</p> <p>Initiatives were developing which focused on young people and life choices.</p> <p>Agreed</p> <p>To note the reports.</p>	
6	<p>Letter from Newport Business Improvement District</p> <p>Will Godfrey reported that a letter had been received from Newport Now, the Newport Business Improvement District (BID), regarding anti-social behaviour in the city centre. This</p>	

	<p>was a collective matter for the PSB and it was considered that the Manager of Newport Now should be invited to a future meeting to discuss the BID's concerns.</p> <p>Members requested an update on the City Centre Masterplan to gain a fuller understanding of what was proposed.</p> <p>Agreed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. To invite the Manager of Newport Now to a future meeting of the PSB to discuss the BID's concerns. ii. To receive a presentation on the City Centre Masterplan at a future meeting. 	<p>W Godfrey B Owen</p>
7	<p>Information Station</p> <p>W Godfrey reported that NCC had been approached by the Welsh Government (WG) to view the Information Station in the city centre as a potential location for the National Software Academy (NSA) - a WG / Cardiff University partnership project. The Academy was now expanding and required new premises in order for it to remain in Newport.</p> <p>The Information Station (branded One Newport Information Station) provides some NCC services and a limited number of partner services.</p> <p>The intention is to lease the top three floors of the building to NSA. Steps will be undertaken to ensure that this would not impact on One Newport partnership teams.</p> <p>Agreed To note the information.</p>	
8	<p>Gwent Police Strategic Intelligence Assessment</p> <p>This item was removed from the agenda.</p>	
9	<p>Welsh Carbon Budgets: Call for Evidence</p> <p>A Call for Evidence had been issued by the UK Committee on Climate Change (UKCCC) which would inform the advice they provide to Welsh Government on setting carbon budgets and interim targets for Wales.</p> <p>A PSB response, prepared and submitted by NCC and NRW ahead of the 11 September deadline, was tabled for information.</p>	

	Agreed To note the response.	
10	Forward Work Programme The forward work programme was submitted. Members were requested to advise of any further items.	
11	Meeting dates 21 November 2017 – Civic Centre 12 December 2017 – City Campus, University of South Wales	

Public Services Board (PSB)

21 November 2017



Office of Future Generations Commissioner's Advice

Purpose

This report is to present the advice received from the office of Future Generations Commissioner.

Background

The statutory guidance on the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 ('Shared Purpose – Shared Future') sets out a requirement for each Public Services Board to prepare and publish the Local Well-being Assessment for the local area no later than a year before it publishes its Local Well-being Plan. The guidance also states that the Local Well-being Plan must be published no later than 12 months following each local government ordinary election.

Once the Local Well-being Plan has been published it will be the main work-plan and focus of the Newport PSB going forward.

Future Generations Commissioner

In drafting the Local Well-being Plan, each PSB must seek the advice of the Future Generations Commissioner. This is set out in the guidance over a 14 week period.

Progress

Following the June PSB the Commissioner's office was approached to start this process. Three meetings have taken place with representatives from the office and they also attended two workshops.

[The full advice](#) was sent to all PSB members on 4th October 2017. A summary of the advice is attached to this report.

Recommendation

For the PSB to review and note for wellbeing plan and PSB development.

Advice from Future Generations Commissioner for Wales

Received 4th October 2017

Subject	Page	Main Points
Introduction	1	Acknowledges that we are taking a different approach by identifying integrated interventions that span across the 13 priorities
	2	Need to consider where the PSB can have a collective and powerful impact. Need to think differently, be aspirational and repurpose resources, which will inevitably mean stopping doing some things.
	2	Signposted to NESTA and Alliance for Useful Evidence guide (58 pages)- intended to help public bodies use research and information gathering approaches effectively, which may be useful as you move to objectives and steps, to delivering change.
	2	Need to read this guidance in conjunction with feedback received re the Well-being Assessment. Well-being in Wales: Planning today for a better tomorrow (71 pages).
Different Ways of Working	2-3	<p>Achieving the ambitions of this Act is about the 'what' and the 'how'</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What are you doing to contribute to our shared vision of the seven national well-being goals? • How you are applying the sustainable development principle to shape your actions for Newport?
Leadership	3	Academi Wales' Sustainable Futures Architecture (2 pages) articulates succinctly how leadership behaviours need to change. Framework could be used to help explore the PSB's own behaviours and how it can change.
Five Ways of Working	6	Consistently using the five ways of working to challenge your usual approach and seeking to maximise your contribution to the seven well-being goals in each of your objectives will give you a framework for planning and delivery.
Long Term	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What do we understand about the long-term trends, opportunities, risks and likely scenarios for this issue? • What are they and have we explored their impact on the steps? • Are there current gaps in data or understanding? • What fore-sighting or future trends information do we need to understand this issue better? (Gwent area future scenarios will be useful here) • What capacity, confidence and expertise do we need to fill gaps in knowledge? <p>To inform the action to take, need to adequately map and consider the future trends for each of your objectives.</p> <p>Signposted to 'Future Trends' report resources, Objective Connect and the Oxford Martin 'Now for the long-term' (86 pages) report.</p>
Prevention	4	<p>Do we have an understanding of what we are trying to prevent? What are the root causes of the issue and when and where would be the best point to intervene?</p> <p>Are we clear on whether it is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • primary prevention i.e. seeking to prevent something before it has even occurred; • secondary prevention i.e. preventing something from getting worse; • tertiary prevention i.e. softening the impact of something that has ongoing effects; that is needed? <p>The PSB needs to explore how they break cycles and dig deeper into data to see the implicit messages in the data to better understand the causes and effects of key issues and trends to inform your steps.</p>
Collaboration	4	<p>Commends the work across Gwent. Pleased to hear we are considering the different relationships between national, regional and local structures.</p> <p>Need to consider whether we have the right people around the table, at the right level to</p>

Subject	Page	Main Points
		<p>make decisions around an issue? Good time to review the invited membership of the PSB and consider who is needed to take steps to meet the objectives?</p> <p>In delivering the steps, how might organisations collaborate? The PSB will need to demonstrate the steps that need to be taken together and across organisational boundaries in order to effectively meet your objectives. This could include co-locating staff, breaking down traditional structures, arranging job-swaps and secondments and, importantly, pooling resources.</p>
Integration	4-5	<p>Need to demonstrate that we are taking steps which maximise contribution to each of the goals rather than just meeting the objectives?</p> <p>Pleased that we are considering interconnections between your emerging priorities to help inform your decisions about the most effective steps.</p> <p>Consider the full definitions of the goals when setting the objectives and the links with the goals.</p> <p>Need to acknowledge the barriers or tensions that have arisen and what steps can be taken by the PSB (or others) take to remove them? Who else is needed around the PSB table to help you interconnect decision-making and improve well-being for this issue?</p>
Involvement	5	<p>The PSB needs to keep a focus on continuously involving people in the development of well-being objectives and going beyond the usual consultation and ad-hoc engagement.</p> <p>How are we taking steps to understand the lived experiences of people in your area and how is this shaping your actions? How are we actively seeking better ways of involving people in decision-making?</p>
Leadership	5-6	<p>Leadership is required to adopt a new way of working.</p> <p>Leadership and partnership working needs to permeate at every level of PSB organisations. Members of the PSB must take messages back from PSB to their own organisations in a consistent manner, critical to building relationships and creating action.</p> <p>The well-being plan is not a culmination of all the current work, but an opportunity for integration and beneficial collaboration at a senior and influential level.</p> <p>PSB members should communicate why the work of the PSB matters to their own senior management teams and use the well-being plan to challenge current practices within their own departments to create cultural change. PSB members should challenge their managers to work differently and be 'safe to fail'.</p> <p>In doing so, PSB members will need to demonstrate how their organisations are taking all reasonable steps in the exercising their functions to meet the PSB's objectives.</p> <p>This should not been seen as separate to organisational objectives/priorities.</p>
Closer working relationships	6	<p>Encouraged by the multi-agency commitment demonstrated by the well-being plan sub-group.</p> <p>Some PSBs are already adopting a multi-agency virtual team with senior leader or more formal secondments and co-location. Useful resources that may be of use Designing Multi-Agency Partnerships (97 pages) Leading Culture Change (51 pages and Stepping up: a framework for public sector leadership on sustainability (19 pages).</p>
Differences across the city	6	<p>Seeking to understand the differences across the city will help to inform the steps the PSB takes. The 20 Community well-being Profiles could help here.</p> <p>Should you consider what local services will be impacted if you redirect investment? Are there long-term trends for particular communities that you believe will get worse if you don't take action? Which communities would benefit and how?</p>

Environmental Well-being

Subject	Page	Main Points
Natural Environment	7	FGC agrees with our assessment but challenges: For all of your draft objectives, I want to see an acknowledgement of what you can do as individual organisations to take steps to meet the objective and maximise your contribution to the seven well-being goals, by collaborating with others outside of the PSB, or influencing other organisations.
Globally Responsible	7	How can you, as senior officers, create organisations that are more globally responsible and contributing to a resilient Newport?
Habitat Loss	7	What can you do to mitigate the effects of our loss of the environment?
Seven Areas of Change	7	The seven areas of change in the Act: corporate planning, financial planning, workforce planning, procurement, assets, performance management and risk are the core organisational activities where applying the five ways of working ensure the sustainable development frames how you work.
Public sector estate and LDP	7	Together you are responsible for a large amount of public sector estate. How you plan, design and locate future developments, buildings, infrastructure and other public and community spaces (as part of your Local Development Plan) should all be considered. Four case studies quoted.
Carbon Neutral Public Sector	8	Although the public sector only accounts for a relatively small amount of Wales' emissions, you are uniquely placed to influence emissions far more widely in areas such as transport, energy, land use and procurement.
Air Quality & M4	8	Air quality is an issue for you in Newport, with combined pollution very high, due to traffic levels, industry and urbanisation. Responses to your well-being assessment engagement show that residents are concerned about air and noise pollution, particularly in communities near the M4 motorway. People are concerned that general development is compromising the natural environment and resilience of the county for future generations. As you will be aware, I have written to Welsh Government and the Planning Inspectorate on my concerns that the arguments presented to date on the creation of a M4 relief road are in danger of misinterpreting the Act and undermining the spirit of the legislation. Your well-being assessment and subsequent inquiries have shown that some objections to the relief road have been about the environmental impact of the road. The letter sent to the public inquiry is in respect of how the Act is being used to make decisions based on economic value, rather than on improving social, economic, cultural and environmental well-being.
Climate Change	8	In setting objectives and steps, I urge you to consider the impact of climate change on Newport, as an area at risk of tidal and river flooding. I would like to see the PSB considering the specific effects for Newport in their short, medium and long-term actions. In the future, the effects of climate change are likely to cause droughts in the summer, meaning a shortage of water, declining bio-diversity and a knock-on effect for agriculture across Wales. We all rely on our environment for income, food, water, recreation and I suggest you need to look at critical infrastructures most at risk. Using the seven well-being goals to frame your approach can help all partners understand their contribution to this significant issue. Are current approaches adequate to cope? How can you use scenarios to imagine what preventative action you could take to protect agriculture, water supplies and transportation in the event of extreme weather?

Subject	Page	Main Points
Involvement of Residents and sustainable behaviours	8	Sustaining your natural environment also requires the involvement of residents and you are keen to enable them to use their environment to improve their well-being. Involving people and understanding their motivations for certain behaviours can help you direct your efforts. Why has traffic increased so significantly in recent years? Why the use of cars, rather than active travel ? Restoring woodland, encouraging people to use their cars less frequently and waste less has an impact on your emissions.
Collaborating with Businesses / Halting the decline of biodiversity	9	<p>Collaborating with businesses in how you take steps to meet this objective will also be important to protect and enhance the land and halt declining biodiversity and habitat loss.</p> <p>For each of your steps, use the definitions of the well-being goals to think about how you can do something different and achieve maximum impact, plus integrate across many of your draft steps.</p> <p>How can you enable corporate volunteering opportunities that seek to enhance the resilience of the natural environment? What volunteering schemes could help to create a more globally responsible Newport? How can people encourage equality through their volunteering and cohesion within some of your communities?</p>
Renewable Energy	9	Your well-being assessment identifies strong renewable energy capacity in the county
Other PSBs	9	Most PSBs have draft objectives around their natural environment, climate change and extreme weather including Pembrokeshire; the Vale of Glamorgan; Powys; Carmarthenshire and Ceredigion.

Cultural Well-being

Subject	Page	Main Points
Community Cohesion	9-11	<p>We have a key role to play in promoting and supporting community cohesiveness, with the research in 'What Works in Community Cohesion' providing a useful reference for PSBs.</p> <p>Only by understanding the differences across communities through listening to people can you begin to see where the PSB can add value. Involving people to understand what matters to them is central to achieving this and each of our organisations are advised to commit to the National Participation Standards (Participation Cymru and Co-production Network Wales are able to support this).</p> <p>This work should also be taking an asset based approach. How can breaking down barriers between geographical and demographic communities help to alter preconceptions?</p> <p>Involving your staff, getting out and about to speak to people and collaborating with them to deliver projects is important. FGC is interested in the positive work that's happening in Pill and wonder how you can use this as a way of working in other areas.</p> <p>Are there ways the PSB could encourage and reward community activism in particular areas? The Royal Town Planning Institute's report on 'Poverty, Place and Inequality', includes several recommendations.</p> <p>PSBs are advised to involve and collaborate with 'unusual suspects' in understanding the value of this on other aspects of well-being. Involve children & young people through schools; draw on the membership of Coleg Gwent & the University of South Wales; consider the role Community Councils & the third sector play in connecting people too.</p>
Use of social and cultural activities to	11	<p>How can you use sport, heritage, language, the outdoors and culture to enable people to participate in the community?</p> <p>Change often 'sticks' when people are involved in wider social and cultural activities e.g.</p>

Subject	Page	Main Points
increase community participation		<p>Nudged ‘Behaviour Change is a Team Sport’. How does this relate to your other objectives and high-level priorities? How can improving the natural environment also help manage their health?</p> <p>The Natural Resources Wales ‘Actif Woods’ project is an example of getting people outside, protecting their environment and enjoying the positive effects on health and Well-being. How can the third sector feel empowered to help?</p> <p>In some areas, community organisations have been funded by the Intermediate Care Fund to act as community coordinators for older people – linking them with local activities and services in their area and helping them to stay active and well. If this is proving successful, how can we better collaborate on resourcing initiatives like this?</p> <p>How might people take part in cultural activities to help feel involved and potentially improve their health?</p> <p>Collaborating with the national public bodies subject to the Act, such as Sport Wales, Arts Council for Wales, National Museums of Wales and National Library of Wales, may be able to help you maximise contribution to each of the goals.</p>
Digitalisation	11-12	<p>The recent report on Digital Childhoods from Barnados show the pace at which technology is moving and the way children now consume information. How are your organisations harnessing the power of technology to help you meet this objective? How can it be used in a positive way? What changes might you have to make to your organisational systems and policies to enable people to get more involved in communities and shape local services? How can you use technology to gather community intelligence and involve people?</p> <p>There is a real opportunity to engage with people that is most convenient to them and is part of daily life, not an additional chore – See “Monmouthshire Made Open” as an example of an online platform.</p>
Community ownership	12	<p>Opening up land and buildings to the community could be a way of encouraging community ownership. How can you better use the collective public estate you have in Newport? The Welsh Government National Assets Working Group captured some Welsh examples that you might wish to explore, but there are many national organisations promoting this, such as Shared Assets, Nurture Development and Locality.</p>
Other PSBs	12	<p>Other PSBs are also considering setting objectives around engagement, developing / sustaining strong social networks, fostering belonging and shaping services. In particular, you may wish to share ideas with Vale of Glamorgan; Ceredigion; Cardiff and Powys PSBs, who have supplied similar draft objectives.</p>

Economic Well-being

Subject	Page	Main Points
Role of PSB	12	<p>Acknowledgement that there are steps the PSB can take to strengthen resilience and encourage economic growth and regeneration.</p> <p>Are encouraged that we are starting to consider the role we can play as leaders of the public and voluntary sector and we should appreciate the influence we can have on other partnership arrangements and organisations in Wales.</p> <p>Need to be brave in pooling resources, changing policies and taking risks by trying different approaches. You need to communicate these changes within each of your organisations and be clear how you have reflected on each of the Well-being Goals, including the goal for a Prosperous Wales. You need to dig deeper into the data and do</p>

Subject	Page	Main Points
		more analysis about what this means for Newport.
Procurement and local businesses	13	<p>How can your procurement procedures help to meet the seven well-being goals? Can your organisational policies seek to help sustainable local businesses? How can supporting local business help to reduce transportation of goods and look at wider sustainable development, not just economic value? Forum for the Future have published reports on this.</p> <p>How can your policies also champion equality in business and seek to grow the Welsh language in the area? In seeking to enable entrepreneurship and growth, how about introducing initiatives that stipulate people set up sustainable enterprises that maximise their contribution to the seven goals?</p>
Cardiff Capital Region	13	<p>You play a central role in steering these opportunities as a city benefitting from the investment. You need to influence the current negotiations with the economic, environmental, social and cultural well-being of people across the region.</p> <p>My letter to those involved in December 2016 hopefully provides you with some advice on the matter and I also recently commented in response to Dr Mark Lang and Professor Terry Marsden's recent report "Re-thinking Growth: Towards the Well-being Economy."</p>
Future of jobs	13-14	<p>Currently, your response to growing the economy is based on last century assumptions of travelling to work and doing jobs that currently exist in Newport, Cardiff and Bristol.</p> <p>The shape and nature of work is predicted to change. How have you considered these long-term trends in setting your steps and enabling people to adapt their skills for future earning? How can you act for the long term now and seek to instill skills in young people that are fit for the future? What life skills might your children need to make it in Newport in the future? See Future of Work report for more information.</p> <p>How are you planning to involve people from across Newport to seek their advice on creating opportunities? How can your organisations offer apprenticeships for all ages to learn these skills?</p> <p>How have you considered the impact of roles being replaced by automation? What action can you take now, as public service providers, to encourage learning and jobs in the foundational and social economy, around local care, retail and food industries, which are less likely to be automated in the future? See the report by the Joseph Rowntree Foundation. How have you considered these long-term trends in setting your steps and enabling people to adapt their skills for future earning?</p>
Developing objectives	14	You should consider who else you might need to collaborate with in developing objectives. What social responsibilities have the private sector adopted in the area? How are businesses coming together to drive positive, long term change and does the PSB have any influence over this? What opportunities can be offered to budding community enterprises through the PSB collaborating with the private sector and education providers? What research has been undertaken about the local economy? How might you encourage local businesses to use their social responsibilities and enable better learning for younger and older?
Barriers to participation	14	I would advise that you need to dig deeper into the data here to understand the full picture. Ask yourselves, what would really make a difference to the learning and development of people in Newport throughout their lives? How can you work to recognise and remove these barriers for people?
Impact on people's life chances	14	What other things are having an impact on people's life chances that you, as public services, can prevent? For example, Social Finance was commissioned by Newcastle City Council regarding NEETs. Looking at issues in a more holistic way can clarify the steps you can take as a PSB to achieve your objectives.

Subject	Page	Main Points
Integration across priorities / objectives	15	Critical that the steps you take are integrated across the other priorities and objectives. E.g. how can you encourage sustainable tourism for the area in growing a well-connected county? How can the communities around Newport be involved in finding active travel routes; creating small and local business opportunities?
Other PSBs	15	Several other PSBs are drafting similar objectives and steps including Powys; Cardiff; Ceredigion; Pembrokeshire; Monmouthshire and Caerphilly.

Social Well-being

Subject	Page	Main Points
ACE'S	15	I would like to understand, in taking steps to meet their objective, what's going to change at all levels to make this happen? How will services aimed at prospective parents and families change in Newport to provide children with the best start in life?
	15	Who needs to be around the table to make it happen?
	15	Consideration should be given to how well public bodies and PSBs factor children's rights into processes for consultation, decision-making and programme-planning. This will include developing a children's rights policy focus, enabling children to learn about their rights and empowering them to play an active role in their communities
	16	I want to see that you have considered the long term trends related to this issue
	16	Linked to your other priorities, how can the PSB collaborate with others to improve the economic well-being of families across the region? How can these communities, in particular, be focused on? Again, is the partnership work in Pill a way of trialling particular ways of working?
	16	Therefore, in the steps you take, it is important to not just focus on early years but to review initiatives that focus on mental health, substance misuse, criminal justice, housing, services and others to ensure they are preventative, joined up and actively seeking to better situations for families and for future parents to stop the cycle continuing to the next generation.
	17	I advise you take immediate steps in understanding each other's roles, information you hold, pool resources and consider co-locating teams to prevent these issues from occurring.
Crime	17	Understanding the lived experiences of people who are committing crimes or have been through trauma in their lives also gives a fresh perspective on shaping preventative services. Currently, our services are often not set up in a way that would deliver this objective. We deal with people in neat 'service-user' categories, such as 'domestic abuse victim', 'anti-social behaviour perpetrator', 'substance misuser', 'problem tenant', which often create barriers for people to have equality of opportunity or outcome. This approach means we fail to join up the dots, to integrate and to spot signs of a worsening situation. The five ways of working are intended to challenge how we currently do things and provide a different lens as a whole public service for dealing with problems.
Physical / Mental Health	17	If the symptoms are there at such an early age – what can be done to prevent the problems at later life?
	17	I would advise you to involve children and young people in understanding any issues with accessing the right care and support, designing different services and evaluating the effects of this approach
	18	So, collaborating with 'unusual suspects' and involving people in how you take steps to meet this objective will enable you to think about this differently and help you to

Subject	Page	Main Points
		maximize your contribution to the seven well-being goals.
Longer Healthier Lives	18	I advise you recognise how much of an asset the older population are in terms of caring, volunteering and contributing to the economy.
	18	Ask yourselves if current provision is appropriate to manage this growing issue? Are these issues currently managed adequately and in what areas might they need more collective action?
Ageing Wales	18	How have you thought about the long-term possibilities of employing technological solutions for this issue? How can older people become more connected to social opportunities and volunteering? Are volunteers currently involved in the work of the PSB to help you consider how they can help you to meet your objectives?
Housing / Transportation	19	I advise that the seven well-being goals are used as a frame to shape thinking around planning and developing communities.

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Public Services Board (PSB)

21 November 2017



Local Well-being Plan Consultation Draft

Purpose

This report is to present the consultation draft of the Local Well-being Plan and the further steps proposed for the plan to be in place by 3rd May 2018. Prior to publishing the plan a 12 week statutory consultation period will take place from 27th November 2017 to 18th February 2018.

Background

The statutory guidance on the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 ('Shared Purpose – Shared Future') sets out a requirement for each Public Services Board to prepare and publish the Local Well-being Assessment for the local area no later than a year before it publishes its Local Well-being Plan. The guidance also states that the Local Well-being Plan must be published no later than 12 months following each local government ordinary election.

Once the Local Well-being Plan has been published it will be the main work-plan and focus of the Newport PSB going forward.

Progress

Local Well-being Assessment

The Local Well-being Assessment was published on 2nd May 2017. In Newport these have been named Community Well-being Profiles. The Local Well-being Assessment comprises of one overarching Profile for Newport and 20 community level profiles at a ward level.

A sub group was convened by the PSB to develop the Local Well-being Assessment. This sub-group is now working on the development of the Local Well-being Plan.

Choosing Emerging Priorities

In May three prioritisation workshops took place to determine the main priorities for the Local Well-being Plan.

All PSB members were invited to attend all three workshops. Other partners and professionals specific to that area were also invited, and all sectors were well represented in the discussions. All sectors were well represented in the discussions. Across all 3 workshops there were approximately 65 stakeholders who attended across 19 different organisations.

At the workshops attendees were asked to prioritise issues identified from the Local Well-being Assessment, considering how they could maximise the PSB's contribution to the Five Ways of Working and the Well-being Goals. A matrix and the "guide to maximising your contribution graph"

(from the statutory guidance) were used to undertake this task. Further information about the workshops is detailed in the [Choosing Emerging Priorities document](#).

The main priorities have been outlined in the consultation draft of the plan attached. These have been adapted to remove duplication and give a positive focus.

Future Generations Commissioner

In drafting the Local Well-being Plan, each PSB must seek the advice of the Future Generations Commissioner. This is set out in the guidance over a 14 week period. Following the June PSB the Commissioner's office was approached to start this process. Three meetings have taken place with representatives from the office and they also attended two workshops.

[The advice](#) was received on 4th October 2017 and has been presented to the PSB today.

Developing Well-being Objectives

The well-being plan must set out local well-being objectives and the steps that the board proposes to take to meet the objectives.

In line with the 5 ways of working we have developed a set of four well-being objectives that deliver against multiple well-being goals and encompass the thirteen emerging priorities in four statements.

The well-being objectives identified are detailed in the consultation draft of the plan attached.

Response Analysis

The response analysis is the link between the Local Well-being Assessment and the Local Well-being Plan. The response analysis informs the selection of local objectives and assesses how local services (in a collective sense) are, and could be, addressing them.

Response Analysis – Part 1

The first part of the response analysis ([RA1 – Understanding Outcomes](#)) has been developed from the non-statutory guidance and enables the PSB to:

RA1: Better understand the outcomes the PSB should be working towards and the contributions their interventions could make to them.

Integrated Cross-Cutting Interventions

At the last PSB meeting (12th Sept 2017) the PSB was keen to ensure that the plan was targeted and focused. It was felt that the emerging priorities were all important so the PSB did not want to discount any of them or prioritise one over another. So rather than rationalise the number of emerging priorities an approach was agreed to identify a number of key cross-cutting interventions that would span the 13 priorities and maximise the contribution to all the Well-being Goals.

Response Analysis – Part 2

The second part of the response analysis ([RA2 – Linking Interventions to Outcomes](#)) will facilitate the process of identifying cross-cutting interventions. This was also developed from the non-statutory guidance. As stated in the guidance this has enabled the PSB to:

RA2: More objectively consider the range of options for addressing particular priorities

RA3: Plan services delivery with a clearer idea of how particular activities and investments will translate into the desired outcomes, both in the short and long term.

This part of the response analysis was developed with partners in four intervention workshops. Over 100 people took part from more than 30 organisations across all sectors. Partners were asked to more objectively consider the range of options for tackling each of the emerging priorities and worked on gaining a better understanding of the desired outcomes. They also considered the five ways of working and maximising the contribution to the Well-being Goals.

The Well-being Plan Sub Group met on the 27th October and discussed all the options suggested in the workshops. All options were reviewed using the five ways of working and five interventions were chosen that are cross-cutting and span the 13 emerging priorities and maximise the contribution to all the Well-being Goals.

These are detailed in the consultation draft of the plan attached.

Next Steps

Consulting on the plan

Prior to publishing the plan a 12 week statutory consultation period will take place from 27th November 2017 to 18th February 2018.

Approving the plan

The plan must also be approved by each of the prospective statutory members of the board. This must be approved by Newport City Council full council. In respect of Aneurin Bevan University Health Board, South Wales Fire and Rescue Service and Natural Resources Wales the plan may only be approved for publication at a meeting of the body in question. The plan will then be approved by the PSB. Timescales are detailed below:

Date	Action
Mar 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by Natural Resources Wales Board
26 th Mar 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by Full Fire Authority
28 th Mar 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by ABUHB Board
18 th Apr 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by Newport City Council Cabinet
24 th April 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by Newport City Council, Full Council
1 st May 2018 – tbc	Local Well-being Plan to be agreed by PSB

The plan will be published on the 3rd May 2018.

Recommendations

Option 1

For the PSB to review the consultation draft of the Well-being Plan and agree and endorse the following:

- 1) How the PSB is going to work differently (page 4-5).
- 2) Draft Well-being Objectives .
- 3) Draft Structure.

- 4) Draft Cross Cutting Interventions.
- 5) 12 week consultation period to start on 27th Nov 2017.

Option 2

For the PSB to review the consultation draft of the Wellbeing Plan, make amendments then and agree and endorse the following:

- 1) How the PSB is going to work differently (page 4-5)
- 2) Draft Well-being Objectives
- 3) Draft Structure
- 4) Draft Cross Cutting Interventions
- 5) 12 week consultation period to start on 27th Nov 2017

Preferred Option & Why

Option 1 is the preferred option as a robust process has been undertaken involving a range of partners considering the following at each stage:

- a) The 5 ways of working
- b) Maximising the contribution to the Well-being Goals.

With this in mind, any amendments would need to be within the scope of the workshops and response analysis to date.

Full Timetable

A full timetable is listed below which details the activities that have already been completed and the activities that need to be undertaken in order to develop the Local Well-being Plan.

Date	Action
Local Well-being Assessment Development	
7 th Jun 2016	Project Plan agreed by PSB (complete)
13 th Sep 2016	Progress Report to PSB (complete)
13 th Dec 2016	Consultation Draft to PSB (complete)
21 st Dec 2016 – 12 th Feb 2017	Consultation Period (complete)
14 th Mar 2017	Consultation Report to PSB (complete)
25 th Apr 2017	Final version signed off by PSB (complete)
3 rd May 2017	Published Local Well-being Assessment (complete)
Local Well-being Plan Development	
11 th May 2017	PSB Members' Workshop (complete)
23 rd / 24 th / 25 th May 2017	Prioritisation Workshops (complete)
20 th Jun 2017	Draft approach for Local Well-being Plan to PSB (complete)
29 th Jun 2017	Approached the FG Commissioner's office to start the 14 week advice period (complete)
Jul-Aug 2017	Develop first part of Response Analysis using RA1 template (complete)
17 th Aug 2017	FG Commissioner's Office attended a Sub Group Meeting (complete)

Date	Action
12 th Sep 2017	Progress Report to PSB and plan approach agreed (complete)
28 th /29 th Sep /11 th /13 th Oct 2017	Develop second part of the Response Analysis in workshops (complete)
4 th Oct 2017	Future Generations Commissioner's advice received (complete)
Oct 2017	Develop Well-being Objectives (complete)
Nov 2017	Develop consultation draft of the Local Well-being Plan (complete)
21 st Nov 2017	Consultation Draft of Local Well-being Plan to PSB
27 th Nov 2017 – 18 th Feb 2018	Statutory 12 week public consultation period
18 th Feb – 28 th Feb 2018	Finalise Local Well-being Plan in light of consultation
13 th Mar 2018 – tbc	Consultation Report to PSB
Mar 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by Natural Resources Wales Board
26 th Mar 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by Full Fire Authority
28 th Mar 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by ABUHB Board
18 th & 24 th Apr 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by Newport City Council Cabinet and Council
1 st May 2018 – tbc	Local Well-being Plan to be agreed by PSB
3 rd May 2018	Publish Local Well-being Plan

Sub-Group

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Further information

Newport documents

[Well-being Assessment & Plan Progress Action Log \(add link\)](#)

[Community Well-being Profile \(Local Well-being Assessment\)](#)

[Choosing Emerging Priorities](#)

[Response Analysis \(RA1\) – Understanding Outcomes](#)

[Response Analysis \(RA2\) – Linking Interventions to Outcomes](#)

Other Information

[Well-being of Future Generations \(Wales\) Act 2015 – The Essentials](#)

[Shared Purpose: Shared Future – Statutory Guidance on the Well-being of Future Generations](#)

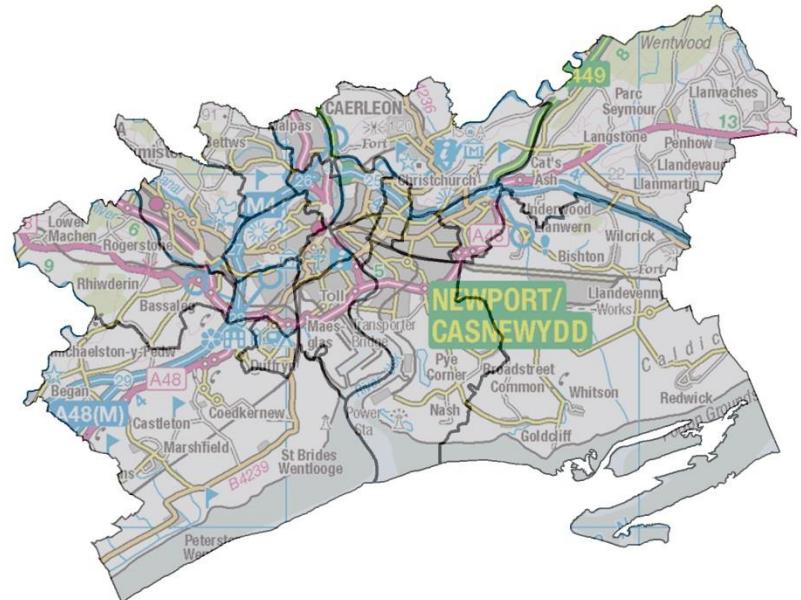
[Public Services Boards: guidance on the use of evidence and analysis](#)

[National Indicators](#)

[Advice from the FG Commissioner](#)

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Newport's Well-being Plan 2018-23



One
Newport

*Consultation
Draft Final*



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Foreword

Add in foreword from the chair and deputy chair

Chapter 1: Introduction and Background

Wellbeing of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015

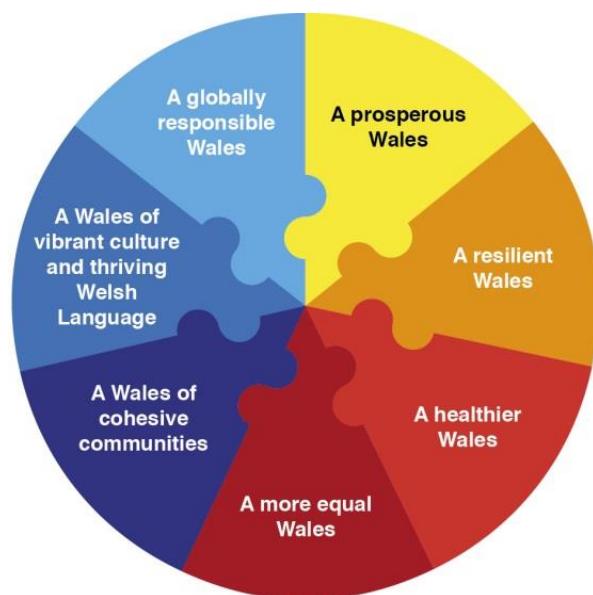
The Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 is about improving the social, economic, environmental and cultural well-being of Wales. It is to ensure that public bodies listed in the Act think more about the long-term, work better with people and communities and each other, look to prevent problems and take a more joined-up approach.

The Act sets out a “sustainable development principle” which is about how the public bodies listed in the Act should go about meeting their well-being duty under the Act.

The principle is made up of five ways of working that public bodies are required to take into account when applying sustainable development. These are:



- Looking to the **long term** so that we do not compromise the ability of future generations to meet their own needs;
- Understanding the root causes of issues to **prevent** them from occurring;
- Taking an **integrated** approach so that public bodies look at all the well-being goals in deciding on their well-being objectives;
- Working with others in a **collaborative** way to find shared sustainable solutions;
- **Involving** a diversity of the population in the decisions that affect them.



The Act sets seven well-being goals:

Together they provide a shared vision for the public bodies listed in the Act to work towards. The well-being goals must be considered as an integrated set of seven to ensure that the relevant links are made in the context of improving the economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being of Wales.

In addition to the well-being duty placed on listed individual public bodies, the Act also sets a well-being duty on specified public bodies to act jointly via public services boards (PSBs) to improve the economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being of their area by contributing to the achievement of the well-being goals.

What is the One Newport Public Service Board?

The Act establishes a statutory board known as the Public Service Board in each local authority area. In Newport the One Newport public service board (PSB) brings together the city's public service leadership and decision makers. The membership is:

Statutory Partners



- Newport City Council (Chair)
- Natural Resources Wales (Vice Chair)
- Aneurin Bevan University Health Board
- South Wales Fire & Rescue Service

Invited Partners

- Coleg Gwent
- Gwent Association of Voluntary Organisations
- Heddlu Gwent Police
- Newport City Homes representing the registered social landlords
- Newport Youth Council
- Newport Third Sector Partnership
- Police & Crime Commissioner
- Probation Service
- Public Health Wales
- University of South Wales
- Welsh Government

What is the Local Well-being Plan?

The local well-being plan sets out the PSB's priorities and actions for the next 5 years to improve the economic, social, cultural and environmental well-being of Newport. The plan sets out local well-being objectives, priorities and steps that the board proposes to take to meet the objectives.

Once the Local Well-being Plan has been published it will be the main work-plan and focus of the One Newport PSB going forward.

Why do we need a Well-being Plan?

Wales faces a number of challenges now and in the future, such as austerity, climate change, poverty, health inequalities, an ageing population, jobs and growth. To tackle these we need to work differently. To give our children and grandchildren a good quality of life we need to think about how the decisions we make now will impact on them in the future.

How are we going to work differently?

The **One Newport PSB** is committed to working together with local communities towards the common goals and objectives set out in this plan. In everything that we do, the PSB will work to improve the economic, social, cultural and environmental well-being of the city. Before developing the plan we pledged to be:

- ***Ambitious***
- ***Serious about working in partnership***
- ***Firmly focused on people***
- ***Focused on outcomes***
- ***Not solely driven by data***

We will achieve this by:

Looking to the long term: Being aware of and addressing, the well-being of current and future generations whilst addressing the needs of the people we currently serve.

Prevention: Exploring how to break cycles and dig deeper to better understand the causes and effects of key issues that people and communities face. Finding enabling solutions and intervening at the right time to prevent problems getting worse or arising in the future.

Taking an integrated approach: Fully considering the connections between the well-being goals, the PSB well-being objectives and the well-being objectives of individual organisations. Taking steps which maximise the collective impact to the well-being goals rather than just meeting the objectives.

Collaborating with others: Strengthening joint working across the city's public service. No single organisation is able to improve the economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being of Newport on its own. Taking a collaborative approach ensures that actions are complimentary and therefore maximise the collective impact.

Involving People: Developing solutions in partnership with local people and communities and ensuring they are involved in the decisions that affect them.



How has the Local Well-being Plan been developed?

Assessment of local well-being

To gain a better understanding of well-being of Newport an assessment of economic, social, cultural and environmental well-being was developed. The assessment comprises of one overarching community well-being profile of Newport and 20 community level profiles at a ward level.

The community well-being profiles include analysis of key population data and people's views from a wide public engagement programme which involved over 2,300 members of the public. The profiles have been used to develop the Local Well-being Plan.

Emerging Priorities

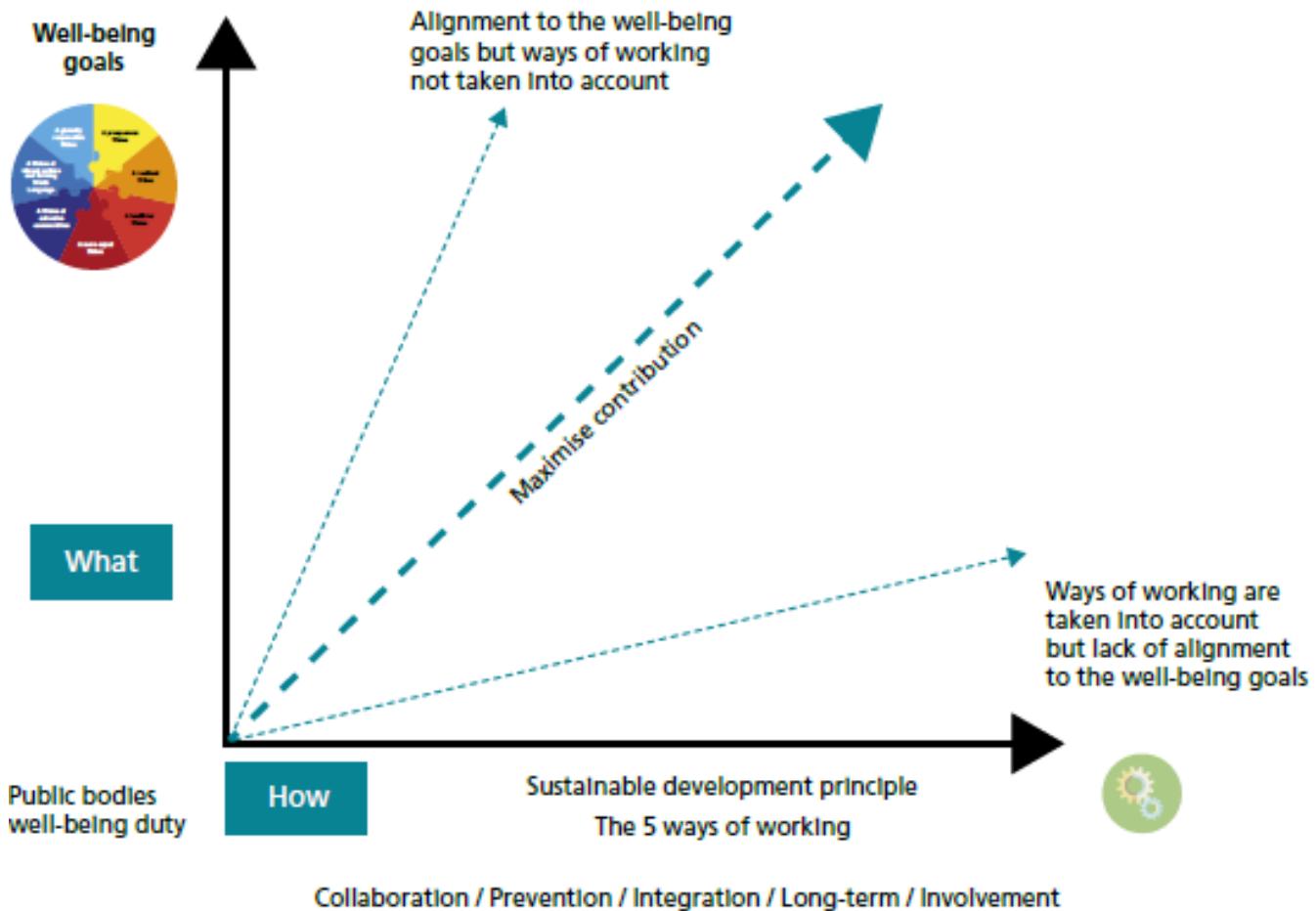
How were the emerging priorities developed?

Prioritisation workshops have taken place to determine the emerging priorities for the Local Well-being Plan.

PSB members worked with other partners and professionals to prioritise issues identified from the Community Well-being Profiles, considering how we could maximise the PSB's contribution to the Five Ways of Working and the Well-being Goals.

The diagram overleaf was used to assist with this process.

A guide to maximising your contribution



What are the emerging priorities?

The main emerging priorities identified and agreed by the PSB are:

- 1) *Improve the perceptions of Newport as a place to live, work, visit and invest*
- 2) *Drive up skill levels for economic and social well-being*
- 3) *Support regeneration and economic growth*
- 4) *Provide children and young people with the best possible start in life*
- 5) *Long and healthy lives for all*
- 6) *Ensuring people feel safe in their communities*
- 7) *People have access to stable homes in a sustainable supportive community*
- 8) *People feel part of their community and have a sense of belonging*
- 9) *Participation in sports and physical activity is important for people's well-being*
- 10) *Participation in arts, heritage and history is important for people's well-being*
- 11) *Newport has a clean and safe environment for people to use and enjoy*
- 12) *Improve Air Quality across the city*
- 13) *Communities are resilient to climate change*

Which well-being goals do the emerging priorities contribute to?

The table below illustrates how each of the emerging priorities contributes to the well-being goals.

Emerging Priorities		Well-being Goals	A prosperous Wales	A resilient Wales	A healthier Wales	A more equal Wales	A Wales of cohesive communities	A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language	A globally responsible Wales
1	Improve the perceptions of Newport as a place to live, work, visit and invest		✓			✓	✓	✓	
2	Drive up skill levels for economic and social well-being		✓			✓	✓	✓	
3	Support regeneration and economic growth		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Provide children and young people with the best possible start in life		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Long and healthy lives for all		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Ensuring people feel safe in their communities		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	People have access to stable homes in a sustainable supportive community		✓		✓	✓	✓		✓
8	People feel part of their community and have a sense of belonging		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
9	Participation in sports and physical activity is important for people's well-being		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Participation in arts, heritage and history is important for people's well-being		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
11	Newport has a clean and safe environment for people to use and enjoy		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
12	Improve Air Quality across the city		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
13	Communities are resilient to climate change		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓

Well-being Objectives

How were the objectives developed?

The well-being plan must set out local well-being objectives and the steps that the board proposes to take to meet the objectives.

In line with the 5 ways of working we have developed a set of four well-being objectives that deliver against multiple well-being goals and encompass the thirteen emerging priorities in four statements.

What are the objectives?

The well-being objectives identified and agreed are:

1. ***People feel good about living, working, visiting and investing in Newport***
2. ***People have skills and opportunities to find suitable work and generate sustainable economic growth***
3. ***People and communities are friendly, confident and empowered to improve their well-being***
4. ***Newport has healthy, safe and resilient environments***

Which well-being goals do the objectives contribute to?

The table below illustrates how each of the objectives contributes to the well-being goals.

Well-being objectives		A prosperous Wales	A resilient Wales	A healthier Wales	A more equal Wales	A Wales of cohesive communities	A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language	A globally responsible Wales
1	People feel good about living, working, visiting and investing in Newport	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	People have skills and opportunities to find suitable work and generate sustainable economic growth	✓		✓	✓	✓		
3	People and communities are friendly, confident and empowered to improve their well-being			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Newport has healthy, safe and resilient environments	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓

Integrated Cross-Cutting Interventions

When developing the plan we (the PSB) were keen to ensure that it was targeted and focused. We felt that all the emerging priorities were important and did not want to discount any of them or prioritise one over another. So rather than rationalise the number of emerging priorities an approach was agreed to identify a number of key cross-cutting interventions that would span the 13 priorities and maximise the contribution to all the Well-being Goals

How were the Interventions developed?

PSB members along with other partners worked together on the development of the integrated interventions. Over 100 people took part from more than 30 organisations across all sectors. Partners were asked to more objectively consider the range of options for tackling each of the emerging priorities and worked on gaining a better understanding of the desired outcomes. They also considered the five ways of working and maximising the contribution to the Well-being Goals.

All options were reviewed and five interventions were chosen for the PSB to work on going forward. These are:

- **The Newport “Offer”**
- **Strong Resilient Communities**
- **Right Skills**
- **Green and Safe Spaces**
- **Sustainable Travel**

- **The Newport “Offer”**

The Newport “Offer” should attract and retain people and businesses to the city, recognising that desirability to work and live in the city is the result of the “complete package” including employment, housing solutions, infrastructure, environment, cultural opportunities and public services.

• **Strong Resilient Communities**

Developing a place based approach with local communities that consider the long term needs alongside the short term needs and assets of that community. Working in collaboration with the community and a range of organisations. Identifying assets and needs and empowering local people to lead and develop their local community.

- **Right Skills**

Newport people have the skills and education to meet the changing needs of business, enabling individuals, businesses and the city's economy to achieve their potential.

- **Green and Safe Spaces**

Newport is a greener, healthier and safer place where all communities have easy access to quality greenspace for health, play and recreation.

- **Sustainable Travel**

Efficient, safe and accessible transport with overall low impact on the environment, including walking and cycling, low and ultra-low emission vehicles, car sharing and public transport.

Chapter 2: The Plan



One Newport PSB Local Well-being Plan Structure

Well-being Goals



Draft Well-being Objectives



People feel good about living, working, visiting and investing in Newport	People have skills and opportunities to find suitable work and generate sustainable economic growth	People and communities are friendly, confident and empowered to improve their well-being	Newport has healthy, safe and resilient environments
---	---	--	--



Emerging Priorities

Economic			Social				Cultural			Environmental		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13



Integrated Interventions

The Newport "Offer"	Strong Resilient Communities	Right Skills	Green & Safe Spaces	Sustainable Travel
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Chapter 3: Interventions

The Newport “Offer”		The Newport “Offer” should attract and retain people and businesses to the City, recognising that desirability to work and live in the City is the result of the “complete package” including employment, housing solutions, infrastructure, environment, cultural opportunities and public services.						
	Which Well-being Goals does this contribute to?	A prosperous Wales	A resilient Wales	A healthier Wales	A more equal Wales	A Wales of cohesive communities	A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language	A globally responsible Wales
	Which Well-being Objectives does this contribute to?	People feel good about living, working, visiting and investing in Newport	People have skills and opportunities to find suitable work and generate sustainable economic growth	People and communities are friendly, confident and empowered to improve their well-being	Newport has healthy, safe and resilient environments			
38	Which Priorities does this contribute to?	1) Improve the perceptions of Newport as a place to live, work, visit and invest in & 8) People feel part of their community and have a sense of belonging: One of Newport's problems over recent years has been negative perceptions. In 2016 only 44% of respondents to the Your Newport were proud to say they come from Newport. Understanding and feeling proud of the city is key to changing this.	3) Support regeneration and economic growth: Newport's ongoing regeneration and developments is a positive story for the city and plays a large part in the Newport “offer” to contribute to greater prosperity.	6) Ensuring people feel safe in their communities: Public perceptions of an area from both within and outside of that area are heavily influenced by crime rates and perceptions of crime and disorder.	7) People have access to stable homes in a sustainable supportive community: The “housing offer” must match the economic aspirations through the provision of the right homes of the right tenure in the right place to attract and retain the skills to help Newport prosper.	9) & 10) Participation in physical activity, sports, arts, heritage and history is important for people's well-being: The city has great strength in terms of cultural heritage and sporting facilities which are important assets as part of the Newport offer.	11) Newport has clean and safe environments for people to use and enjoy: The environment also has a part to play. Access to parks, green spaces and the surrounding countryside is the most popular aspects of life in Newport. The green infrastructure offers an important asset for quality of life in Newport, and the city's offer for inward investment and tourism.	

What steps will we take?		
Short term (0-5 years)	Medium Term (5-10 years)	Long Term (10-25 years)
<i>Lead on developing the vision for the city and the city offer, in partnership with business and the community</i>	<i>Ongoing development of the Newport offer in line with the vision for the city</i>	<i>Continue to develop the Newport offer to meet future needs</i>
<i>Working in partnership, promote the city's considerable benefits as a place to live, work, visit and invest, supporting economic growth and increasing city pride / sense of belonging (greater focus by PSB members on positive city promotion through social media)</i>	<i>Continue to raise the profile of Newport as a place people want to live, work, visit and invest.</i>	<i>Sustained city promotion in partnership with key city stakeholders so that people have understanding, pride and appreciation of what Newport offers</i>
<i>Work with high profile, successful people, organisations and anchor businesses to act as positive Newport ambassadors/champions for the city, and inspire self-belief and confidence in young people and the wider community</i>	<i>Encourage Newport residents to be ambassadors for the city</i>	<i>Continue to attract prestigious events to the city</i>
<i>Attract and use major events to promote Newport and its culture, and contribute to the local economy.</i>	<i>Continue to attract prestigious events to the city</i>	
<i>Work in partnership to ensure effective city centre management, underpinning city image and marketing activities</i>	<i>Ongoing partnership focus on city centre management</i>	

	How will we measure success? City level and local outcome indicators the PSB will seek to impact on	National Indicators	Other Indicators
		26. % of people satisfied with local area as a place to live.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Happy City Index and Happiness Pulse Tourism Statistics RSA heritage index % employment rate

<h2>Strong Resilient Communities</h2>	Developing a place based approach with local communities that consider the long term needs alongside the short term needs and assets of that community. Working in collaboration with the community and a range of organisations. Identifying assets and needs and empowering local people to lead and develop their local community.									
	Which Well-being Goals does this contribute to?	A prosperous Wales	A resilient Wales	A healthier Wales	A more equal Wales	A Wales of cohesive communities	A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language	A globally responsible Wales		
	Which Well-being Objectives does this contribute to?	People feel good about living, working, visiting and investing in Newport	People have skills and opportunities to find suitable work and generate sustainable economic growth	People and communities are friendly, confident and empowered to improve their well-being	Newport has healthy, safe and resilient environments					
Which Priorities does this contribute to?		<p>7) People have access to stable homes in a sustainable supportive community: If people have access to stable homes in a sustainable supportive community they are more likely to feel part of their community.</p> <p>8) People feel part of their community and have a sense of belonging: When people are more involved and empowered within their community they feel more part of the community and have a greater sense of belonging.</p> <p>9) & 10) Participation in physical activity, sports, arts, heritage and history is important for people's well-being: Taking part in sports, physical activity, arts, heritage and history can help to connect people to their community and feel a sense of belonging.</p> <p>11) Newport has clean and safe environments for people to use and enjoy: Environmental projects can be a great way to bring people together, and create a sense of pride in the area. Access to parks, green spaces and the countryside is one of the most valued aspects of life in Newport.</p> <p>13) Communities are resilient to climate change: Communities have a role to play in responding to climate impacts, particularly supporting vulnerable people.</p>								
1) Improve the perceptions of Newport as a place to live, work, visit and invest In: A sense of belonging and ownership of communities will allow people to challenge negative perceptions, help people feel connected to the city and their communities, and grow city pride.										
2) Drive up skills for economic and social well-being: A person's ability to achieve their potential can help them engage more positively in their communities.										
3) Support regeneration and economic growth: Regeneration projects improve quality of life for residents and can contribute to a sense of feeling part of the community.										
4) Provide children and young people with the best start in life; 5) Long and healthy lives for all: The supportive community with a good social network is defined as one of the wider determinants of health and well-being.										
6) Ensuring people feel safe in their communities: People are less likely to positively engage in their communities if they experience crime and antisocial behaviour. This can have knock-on effects for local services and the businesses as people become socially isolated and excluded.										

What steps will we take?		
Short term (0-5 years)	Medium Term (5-10 years)	Long Term (10-25 years)
<p><i>Build on the positive work already undertaken in the Pillgwenlly area and work with local people to:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>identify resources and needs within that community. Aspects to consider should include community strengths and assets, cohesion & engagement, health, well-being, employment, skills, environment, safety, appropriate housing, service provision.</i> <i>develop and implement values and an action plan that are owned by both the PSB and the community.</i> <p><i>Extend above approach to other communities using information provided in the Community Well-being Profiles and engagement activities to identify places of work.</i></p> <p> <i>Develop and promote an overarching volunteering programme for Newport to enable people to volunteer and foster community resilience</i></p> <p> <i>Develop multi-agency community hubs at key locations around Newport to support local service provision.</i></p> <p><i>Develop a framework to support community groups re governance and funding</i></p>	<p><i>Nurture a culture that develops a relationship between public services and local people that enables shared decision making, genuine co-production, social enterprise and joint delivery of services. With empowered communities finding their own solutions for the problems and issues they face.</i></p> <p><i>Continue to review the latest statistical and engagement information and work with local people to ensure community plans are updated for now and the future.</i></p>	<p><i>Promote a culture that develops a relationship between public services and local people that enables shared decision making, genuine co-production, social enterprise and joint delivery of services. With empowered communities finding their own solutions for the problems and issues they face.</i></p>

How will we measure success?	National Indicators	Other Indicators
	<p>23. % who feel able to influence decisions affecting their local area.</p> <p>25. % people feeling safe at home, walking in the local area and when travelling</p> <p>26. % people satisfied with their local area as a place to live</p> <p>27. % people agreeing that they belong to the area; the people from different backgrounds get on well together; and that people treat each other with respect</p> <p>28. % of people who volunteer</p> <p>29. Mean mental well-being score for people</p> <p>30. % of people who are lonely</p>	<p></p> <p>• Happy city index and Happiness Pulse</p> <p>• % of people who feel safe in their local area (day/night)</p>

Right Skills	Newport people have the appropriate skills and education to meet the changing needs of business, enabling individuals, businesses and the city's economy to achieve their potential.							
	Which Well-being Goals does this contribute to?	A prosperous Wales	A resilient Wales	A healthier Wales	A more equal Wales	A Wales of cohesive communities	A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language	A globally responsible Wales
	Which Well-being Objectives does this contribute to?	People feel good about living, working, visiting and investing in Newport		People have skills and opportunities to find suitable work and generate sustainable economic growth		People and communities are friendly, confident and empowered to improve their well-being		Newport has healthy, safe and resilient environments
Which Priorities does this contribute to?		<p>1) Improve the perceptions of Newport as a place to work, visit and invest in; 2) Drive up skills for economic and social well-being: The availability of high quality education, training and career pathways that meet the needs of business will increase Newport's attractiveness as a place to locate business and to study. A business's capacity for growth will depend in part on its ability to recruit people with the skills it needs; a business decision on where to locate will be influenced to a degree by the skills available in the local workforce. Economic forecasts have identified future trends such as the increasing skills demands of employers and the contraction of unskilled and semi-skilled occupations. In order to remain competitive the Newport workforce will need to respond to the skills demands of business and individuals will need to possess the right skills to enable them to benefit from new employment opportunities.</p> <p>3) Support regeneration and economic growth: Regeneration schemes can play an important role in skills development, including apprenticeships, particularly during the construction phase and for certain sectors and client groups.</p> <p>4) Provide children and young people with the best start in life; 5) Long and healthy lives for all: Engaging children in education and giving them the skills they need will help them reach their potential in later life. Employment is a key determinant of health. People living in material deprivation are less likely to be healthy. Therefore supporting people to acquire the skills they need to find work and to reach their potential may also contribute towards reducing health inequalities.</p> <p>6) Ensuring people feel safe in their communities: Having qualifications, employment and a career can divert people from crime and ASB.</p> <p>8) People feel part of their community and have a sense of belonging: A person's ability to achieve their potential may help them engage more positively in their communities. Opportunities for volunteering and apprenticeships in the community can lead to improved mental and physical health, better levels of educational attainment, skills and employment.</p>						

What steps will we take?		
Short term (0-5 years)	Medium Term (5-10 years)	Long Term (10-25 years)
<i>Education and business sectors work together to fully understand skills needs for the Newport area (including future growth areas and skills gaps)</i>	<i>Develop appropriate provision for people from a range of circumstances (e.g. first time offenders, adult literacy (16+))</i>	<i>Continue to ensure skills and education meet the changing needs of business and help individuals, businesses and the city economy reach their potential.</i>
<i>Education and business sectors work together to address skills needs for Newport's existing and future workforce</i>	<i>Collectively, further, higher and community education adapt delivery models to meet the upskilling need of both the unemployed and those already in work (e.g. increased part-time, modularised and independent learning provision)</i>	<i>Continue to develop skills and education provision in line with the vision for the city.</i>
<i>Ensure young people leave school with the support, skills and confidence to successfully enter work, training or education. School and businesses work together to enable young people to have the skills to be ready for work</i>	<i>Give every young person in Newport the opportunity to engage with business by the age of 15</i>	
<i>Ensure young people have an understanding of local skills priorities / significant capital investments in the area, and the employment / career opportunities they present</i>		
<i>Collaborative development of career pathways across all partners (e.g. apprenticeships)</i>		
<i>Seek to maximise training opportunities from large scale infrastructure projects</i>		

How will we measure success?	National Indicators	Other Indicators
	7) % of pupils who have achieved level 2 threshold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • % of children living in low income families
	8) % of adults with qualifications at the different levels of the National Qualification Framework	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • % of children living in workless households
	10) Gross disposable household income per head	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • % of working age people who are claimants
	16) % of people in employment who are have permanent contracts (or temporary contracts not seeking permanent employment) who earn more than 2/3 of the UK median wage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Job seekers allowance claimants
	17) Gender pay difference	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • % of youth claimants
	20) % of people moderately or very satisfied with their jobs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • % of year 11/13 schools leavers that are not in education, employment or training • % of pupil level achievement at different key stages

City level and local outcome indicators the PSB will seek to impact on:

<h2>Green and Safe Spaces</h2>	Newport is a greener, healthier and safer place where all communities have easy access to quality greenspace for health, play and recreation.							
	<p>Which Well-being Goals does this contribute to?</p> <table> <tr> <td>A prosperous Wales</td> <td>A resilient Wales</td> <td>A healthier Wales</td> <td>A more equal Wales</td> <td>A Wales of cohesive communities</td> <td>A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language</td> <td>A globally responsible Wales</td> </tr> </table>	A prosperous Wales	A resilient Wales	A healthier Wales	A more equal Wales	A Wales of cohesive communities	A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language	A globally responsible Wales
A prosperous Wales	A resilient Wales	A healthier Wales	A more equal Wales	A Wales of cohesive communities	A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language	A globally responsible Wales		
	<p>Which Well-being Objectives does this contribute to?</p> <table> <tr> <td>People feel good about living, working, visiting and investing in Newport</td> <td>People have skills and opportunities to find suitable work and generate sustainable economic growth</td> <td>People and communities are friendly, confident and empowered to improve their well-being</td> <td>Newport has healthy, safe and resilient environments</td> </tr> </table>	People feel good about living, working, visiting and investing in Newport	People have skills and opportunities to find suitable work and generate sustainable economic growth	People and communities are friendly, confident and empowered to improve their well-being	Newport has healthy, safe and resilient environments			
People feel good about living, working, visiting and investing in Newport	People have skills and opportunities to find suitable work and generate sustainable economic growth	People and communities are friendly, confident and empowered to improve their well-being	Newport has healthy, safe and resilient environments					
Key	<p>Which Priorities does this contribute to?</p> <p>1) Improve the perceptions of Newport as a place to live, work, visit and invest in; 2) Drive up skills for economic and social well-being; 3) Support regeneration and economic growth: A greener, healthier, safer Newport will attract and retain more inward investment, generate a sense of pride and ultimately change negative perceptions. Regeneration should follow the principles of Sustainable Development working through nature based solutions. Opportunities for volunteering and apprenticeships which can lead to real economic prosperity, improved mental and physical health, better levels of educational attainment, and resilience.</p> <p>4) Provide children and young people with the best start in life; 5) Long and healthy lives for all: Children need access to safe clean places to play outdoors. Access to high quality greenspace is a massive opportunity to improve the health of the residents.</p> <p>6) Ensuring people feel safe in their communities: Environmental crime and antisocial behaviour can discourage people from using their natural green spaces for recreation and associated wellbeing benefits.</p> <p>8) People feel part of their community and have a sense of belonging: Environmental projects provide a great way to bring people together, and create a sense of pride in their local area.</p> <p>9) Participation in physical activity and sports is important for people's well-being: Newport's parks and green spaces represent a great opportunity to increase physical activity through outdoor recreation – and it is free to the user.</p> <p>10) Participation in arts, heritage and history is important for people's well-being: There are close links between the environment and culture. Newport's environment has been shaped by its past. There are opportunities for cultural projects celebrating Newport's history while promoting its environment.</p> <p>11) Newport has clean and safe environments for people to use and enjoy; 12) Improve Air Quality across the city; 13) Communities are resilient to climate change: Access to parks, green spaces and the surrounding countryside is one of the most valued aspects of life in Newport. Poor air quality can deter people with respiratory illnesses from going outdoors. Also it is known that in some circumstances appropriately planted trees can reduce levels of air pollution. Urban trees are also known to have a cooling effect mitigating the impact of heatwaves. Well connected greenspaces, with the right species in the right place can offer a refuge for wildlife that will ensure the survival and reversal of decline. Safeguarding pollinators and habitat across an area such as the Gwent Levels will be vital, and a well-functioning landscape can support local community resilience to the effects of climate change.</p>							

What steps will we take?		
Short term (0-5 years)	Medium Term (5-10 years)	Long Term (10-25 years)
<i>Develop a collaborative Newport wide green infrastructure vision and plan which is adopted and delivered by all PSB partners</i>	<i>Communities have clear mechanisms for how they can lever benefits, create jobs, and prosper from Newport's green infrastructure resource</i>	<i>25 year vision: Newport is Wales's most improved Urban area across all measurable metrics"</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Communities have access to high quality green spaces and are using these for recreation, travel and exercise.</i> • <i>Environmental crime and antisocial behaviour in minimised</i> • <i>The city is completely navigable on traffic free sustainable / active travel routes that form part of the connected green infrastructure network.</i> • <i>Communities are actively involved in managing their green spaces</i> • <i>The benefits of green infrastructure are being maximised and are generating multiple economic and cultural benefits.</i>
<i>All PSB partners can clearly articulate and demonstrate the benefit of green infrastructure in their services and are working together to maximise tangible benefits (measured and set from the data & trend analysis)</i>	<i>Measureable levels of fly tipping, arson, crime and other antisocial behaviour have stabilised and a downward trend evident.</i>	
<i>Identify and target the crime, antisocial behaviour and challenge negative perceptions that deter people from using green spaces and parks</i>	<i>Communities taking an active role in managing, deciding upon and benefiting from their green infrastructure network based on their well-being needs, but actively supported by PSB partners who facilitate and enable this mass participation.</i>	
<i>Maintain, promote and mobilise communities to use green spaces for recreation and physical activity</i>		

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How will we measure success?

City level and local outcome indicators the PSB will seek to impact on:

National Indicators	Other Indicators
25. Percentage of people feeling safe at home, walking in the local area, and when travelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • % accessible "urban" green space
26. Percentage of people satisfied with local area as a place to live	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • % of total greenspace/green infrastructure
28. Percentage of people who volunteer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • % of high quality nature
29. Mean mental well-being score for people	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Numbers of sites meeting full green flag criteria
38. Percentage of people participating in sporting activities three or more times a week.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Numbers of sites meeting community managed criteria
40. Percentage of designated historic environment assets that are in stable or improved conditions.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify sites /areas that have the highest potential to reconnect & improve fragmented habitats (especially important in creating resilience against climate change /extreme weather effects, mitigation of pollution and reducing further biodiversity loss)
43. Areas of healthy ecosystems in Wales	
44. Status of Biological diversity in Wales	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • % of people who are obese/ overweight

Sustainable Travel	Efficient, safe and accessible transport with overall low impact on the environment, including walking and cycling, low and ultra-low emission vehicles, car sharing and better connected public transport							
	Which Well-being Goals does this contribute to?	A prosperous Wales	A resilient Wales	A healthier Wales	A more equal Wales	A Wales of cohesive communities	A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language	A globally responsible Wales
	Which Well-being Objectives does this contribute to?	People feel good about living, working, visiting and investing in Newport	People have skills and opportunities to find suitable work and generate sustainable economic growth	People and communities are friendly, confident and empowered to improve their well-being	Newport has healthy, safe and resilient environments			
Page 47		Which Priorities does this contribute to?						
1) Improve the perceptions of Newport as a place to work, visit and invest in: By modernising our transport infrastructure Newport has an opportunity to challenge negative perceptions about the city. Newport is a size where the PSB can make a real difference.		8) People feel part of their community and have a sense of belonging: Behaviour change is needed to encourage people to use active travel or public transport and reduce the use of the car. This will require community engagement and provides an opportunity to bring people together around a common issue.						
4) Provide children and young people with the best start in life; 5) Long and healthy lives for all: Increasing levels of sustainable travel improve air quality and have a beneficial effect on people's health, especially those suffering from Asthma and other respiratory disease. Encouraging people to walk and cycle to school and work will reduce poor air quality while engendering healthy behaviours for life and reducing obesity.		10) Participation in physical activity & sports is important for people's well-being: Active travel is a form of physical activity and is good for people's health and well-being.						
		11) Newport has a clean and safe environments for people to use and enjoy: Well connected greenspaces can offer a refuge for biodiversity.						
		12) Improve air quality across the city: Increasing sustainable travel will improve air quality.						
		13) Communities are resilient to climate change – Increasing sustainable travel will aid efforts towards decarbonisation of the transport network to minimise the impact of climate change and global warming.						

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What steps will we take?		
Short term (0-5 years)	Medium Term (5-10 years)	Long Term (10-25 years)
<p>1) PSB to become champions of sustainable travel, leading by example and reducing the public sector's contribution to air pollution. To include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agree and implement a joint sustainable travel plan for all PSB organisations to encourage the use of public transport, walking and cycling. 10% of PSB vehicle fleet to be ultra-low/zero emissions. Be the voice for the local area for regional schemes impacting on travel choices and air quality. Support the implementation of the new air quality supplementary planning guidance. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue to implement the joint sustainable travel plan. 50% of PSB vehicle fleet to be ultra-low/zero emissions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue to implement the joint sustainable travel plan. 100% of PSB vehicle fleet to be ultra-low/zero emissions.
<p>2) Create an environment where public transport, walking and cycling is prioritised. To include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prioritise walking and cycling infrastructure. Implement on street bike share across the city. Target active travel for the school run. <p>Enforce illegal parking and prioritise walking and cycling in highway design.</p> <p>Partner with other cities successfully encouraging walking and cycling.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue to prioritise walking and cycling infrastructure. Work with bus providers to implement a low emission bus fleet. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make Newport an active travel friendly city with high profile endorsement by the PSB. Develop low emission zones / clean air zones.
<p>3) Encourage the use of ultra-low /zero emission vehicles. To include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support the installation of electric charging points across the city to encourage the use of electric vehicles. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support and encourage the Newport taxi fleet to move to zero (or ultra-low) emission taxis. Develop HGV/ LGV fuel economy partnership scheme. 	

 How will we measure success? City level and local outcome indicators the PSB will seek to impact on:	National Indicators	Other Indicators
	4) Nitrogen dioxide (NO ₂) pollution levels in the air 14) The ecological footprint of Wales 40) Emissions of Green Houses Gasses within Wales	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Particulate matter (PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}) pollution levels in the air No. of vehicles and fleet composition % of people who walk or cycle for active travel No. of electric vehicle charging points % of children who typically walk or cycle to school % of people who are obese/ overweight

Chapter 4: Next Steps

Consulting on the plan

Prior to publishing the plan a 12 week statutory consultation period will take place from 27th November 2017 to 18th February 2018. A copy of the draft well-being plan will be provided to each of the statutory consultees. These are:

- *The Commissioner;*
- *The Board's invited participants;*
- *its other partners;*
- *such of the persons who received but did not accept an invitation from the board under Section 30 as the board considers appropriate;*
- *the local authority's overview and scrutiny committee;*
- *relevant voluntary organisations as the board considers appropriate;*
- *representatives of persons resident in the area;*
- *representatives of persons carrying on business in the area;*
- *trade unions representing workers in the area;*
- *such persons with an interest in the maintenance and enhancement of natural resources in the board's area, as the board considers appropriate;*
- *any other persons who in the opinion of the board, are interested in the improvement of the area's economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being.*

It will also be important to engage with a range of other stakeholders, including local people and businesses.

Approving the plan

The plan must also be approved by each of the prospective statutory members of the board. This must be approved by Newport City Council full council. In respect of Aneurin Bevan University Health Board, South Wales Fire and Rescue Service and Natural Resources Wales the plan may only be approved for publication at a meeting of the body in question. The plan will then be approved by the PSB. Timescales are detailed below:

Date	Action
Mar 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by Natural Resources Wales Board
26 th Mar 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by Full Fire Authority
28 th Mar 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by ABUHB Board
18 th Apr 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by Newport City Council Cabinet
24 th April 2018	Sign off of Local Well-being Plan by Newport City Council, Full Council
1 st May 2018 – tbc	Local Well-being Plan to be agreed by PSB

Implementing and monitoring progress of the plan

The plan will be published on the 3rd May 2018. Once the plan has been published the work will start on each of the five interventions.

The measurements that have been set out in the plan against each intervention will assist the PSB in evaluating the level of success in raising the well-being of the city, and identify areas that require additional focus or revised commitments.

Progress will be monitored throughout the year and reported annually. The measures chosen are a combination of national, regional and local indicators, selected to clearly demonstrate progress against each intervention and objective.

It is recognised that while reporting annually, and the need to demonstrate short term impact, many of the progress measures chosen will require a long-term view in order to achieve the desired outcome.

More Information

For further information about One Newport PSB, the Local Well-being Plan or partnership arrangements in the city please visit our website at <http://onenewportsb.newport.gov.uk>

Contact Details

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Appendix 1: Other Plans

We have endeavoured to write a Well-being Plan that is targeted and focused. As such the plan does not include all the work that is going on in Newport that contributes to the Well-being Goals.

There are a number of other partnerships that deliver on specific agendas in Newport and at a regional level. We will need to ensure that the actions identified in the plan complement and support other work and do not duplicate efforts.

Some of the other main partnerships and plans are listed below:

Cardiff Capital Region (CCR)

The CCR City Deal is an agreement between the UK government, the Welsh government and the ten leaders of the local CCR. The ten local authorities are Blaenau Gwent, Bridgend, Caerphilly, Cardiff, Merthyr Tydfil, Monmouthshire, Newport, Rhondda Cynon Taff, Torfaen and Vale of Glamorgan.

The overarching goal of the City Deal is to generally improve economic conditions in the area, the specific aims of the CCR can be summarised to: improve productivity; tackle worklessness; build on foundations of innovation; invest in physical and digital infrastructure; provide support for business; and ensure that any economic benefits are felt across the region. A core project of the City Deal is the delivery of an integrated South Wales Metro.

The UK Government and Welsh Government have committed £1.1bn to the City Deal – which is supported by an additional £120m committed from the 10 local authority partners.

Gwent Strategic Well-being Assessment Group (GSWAG)

This group was set up to share best practice across the Gwent area in the development of the Well-being Assessments and the Well-being Plan. Representatives from the five local authorities Blaenau Gwent, Caerphilly, Monmouthshire, Newport and Torfaen, Natural Resources Wales, South Wales Fire & Rescue Service, Public Health Wales representing Aneurin Bevan University Health Board, Gwent Police Heddlu, Police & Crime Commissioner's Office and the Gwent Health and Social Care Transformation Team are members of the group.

This group has worked on a number of regional projects to assist in the well-being planning work. Most recently they have developed a set of regional priorities that could be worked on across the Gwent area.

Regional Partnership Board (RPB) - Joint Area Plan

The Social Services & Well-being (SSW) (Wales) Act 2014 requires a Joint Area Plan to be developed on the local health board footprint. The joint area plan should set out the specific care and support services proposed to be provided or arranged in relation to each core theme. The core themes are children and young people, older people, health and physically disabled people, people with learning disabilities and autism spectrum disorder, mental health, sensory impairment, carers who need support and violence against women, domestic abuse and sexual violence. This plan will be published in April 2018 and the Gwent RPB will be responsible for implementing the plan in the greater Gwent area (Blaenau Gwent, Caerphilly, Monmouthshire, Newport and Torfaen).

Gwent-wide Adult Safeguarding Board (GWASB)

The GWASB is the forum responsible for the strategic leadership, monitoring and reviewing of adult safeguarding practice in Gwent; and is as an opportunity for partners to work together across the region, to

embed interagency partnership for the strategic leadership, monitoring and reviewing of adult safeguarding practice.

South East Wales Safeguarding Children Board (SEWSCB)

Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children requires effective coordination in every local area and the SSW Act puts in place regional Safeguarding Children Boards, which are the key statutory mechanism for agreeing how the relevant organisations in each local area will cooperate to safeguard and promote the welfare of children, and for ensuring the effectiveness of what they do. The SEWSCB has replaced the five former Local Safeguarding Children Boards in Blaenau Gwent, Caerphilly, Monmouthshire, Newport and Torfaen.

South East Wales Violence against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence (VAWDASV) Partnership Board

The VAWDASV (Wales) 2015 Act aims to improve the Public Sector response by providing the strategic focus to improve the arrangements for the prevention, protection and support for individuals affected by such violence and abuse.

The SE Wales VAWDASV board has been established to provide the governance vehicle for the regional partnership for related services. The Board parallels the SE Wales SEWSCB and GWASB. All three boards will link together to provide a framework of safeguarding governance and will ensure that communication links exist with strategic multi-agency partnerships working across the region including the RPB.

Gwent Substance Misuse Area Planning Board (APB)

The APB covers Blaenau Gwent, Caerphilly, Monmouthshire, Newport and Torfaen and contains representatives of these five local authorities; membership is also drawn from Aneurin Bevan University Health Board (ABUHB), Gwent Police, National Offender Management Service (NOMS), Aneurin Bevan Gwent Public Health Team and a representative for service users and carers. The Gwent APB provides advice and support to responsible authorities in order to plan, commission and monitor delivery of high quality treatment and prevention services that are based on the needs of substance misusers, families and communities. The APB currently discharges an annual regional SMAF budget of £4.4m on behalf of the 5 local authorities to provide adult and young person's drug, alcohol and family support services within the region.

Gwent Police & Crime Plan

The Gwent Police and Crime Plan – Delivering a Safer Gwent was published in April 2017. This plan sets out the Police and Crime Commissioner's police and crime priorities for Gwent for the next three years. The priorities identified in the plan are crime prevention, supporting victims, community cohesion, tackling antisocial behaviour and effective service delivery. This plan is overseen by the Police and Crime Panel. The Gwent Police and Crime Panel provides support and challenge to the Commissioner by way of whether the aims of the plan have been achieved.

Gwent Local Criminal Justice Board

The Gwent Local Criminal Justice Board (GLCJB) is a non-statutory partnership which brings together the core criminal justice agencies together with a range of key stakeholders in order to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the local criminal justice system.

The GLCJB is responsible for delivering area level contributions to deliver a fair, efficient and effective Criminal Justice System.

Newport Economic Network (NEN)

The NEN was established in 2014, with representatives from business, education, housing, sport, Welsh Government, leisure, tourism and the city council. The purpose of the network is “*a collective of stakeholders with a mutual interest to promote and develop the economy of Newport. The network will identify key priorities, marshal resources and co-ordinate activity to deliver economic opportunities for all communities across the city*”.



One Newport Public Services Board

Forward Work Programme

12 December 2017	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• SIP Q2 performance reports• Safer Gwent – governance• Vulnerable Intelligence (SWFRS)• Partnership Evaluation – Action Plan progress• BID city centre discussion• City Deal update
13 March 2018	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• SIP Q3 Performance reports• Scrutiny letter giving feedback on Q2 performance reports• Update on Wellbeing plan consultation• PSB apprenticeships
1 May 2018	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Final Local Well-being Plan
June 2018	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• SIP Annual Report• Partnership Evaluation – Action Plan progress

The PSB's terms of reference state that "Any member of the Board may request that an item is placed on the agenda of a forthcoming meeting. This should be notified to the [Secretariat](#) at least four weeks prior to the meeting concerned. Late items may be accepted at the discretion of the Chair. "

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