



# Newport City Council Council's Pavement Café Licensing Policy



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## 1. Introduction

Alfresco eating is becoming a more widespread aspect of urban life and the presence of tables and chairs on the pavement can make a positive contribution by adding vitality, colour, life, and interest to an area. Newport City Council supports and encourages the provision of pavement cafés in the city as they can help maximise the use of public spaces, aid the local economy, and add to the facilities offered to people who visit, live, and work in Newport.

Tables and chairs placed on the highway without permission can be illegal as they could amount to an obstruction. However, permission to use the highway for pavement cafés may be granted by the Council under Section 115E of the Highways Act 1980.

Accordingly, whilst the Council wishes to encourage pavement cafés, it is important that they are properly located and managed. This is to ensure they meet the standards expected in Newport and they do not obstruct the highway or create a hazard for pedestrians, especially for blind, partially sighted and other disabled people.

The area to be used must take into account other needs in the immediate vicinity e.g. kerbside parking, bus stops, and pedestrian crossings. Pedestrians' needs must be paramount. The expanse of the pavement café must not conflict with any access or dropped crossings required for free passage of normal road users.

Barriers and tapping rails should be positioned and maintained to the satisfaction of Newport City Council and should be totally removed outside the permitted hours of operation of the café, restaurant, or bar.

The pavement café is normally expected to be in an area directly in front of and be visible from the existing premises. Emergency exit routes, including those of adjacent buildings, should not be obstructed by the pavement café and emergency service vehicles must have access along all streets, at all times, even in pedestrianised streets.

In general, all parts of the highway may be used for pavement cafés, assuming all safety and non-obstruction requirements are met. The exceptions are:

- Any carriageway or 'shared use surface'
- Any highway verge
- Where width of the pavement makes it impractical.
- Where authorised street furniture makes it impossible

### **Licences will not normally be granted where:**

- A significant effect on road safety would arise either from the siting of the tables and chairs, or from customers visiting or leaving the licensed area, or
- Where there are concerns over the recorded level of personal injury accidents in the locality where the tables and chairs will be sited, or
- There would be a significant loss of amenity caused by traffic, noise, rubbish, potential for the harbourage of vermin, odour, or fumes, or
- There is a conflict with Traffic Orders, such as waiting restrictions, or
- The site obstructs either pedestrian or vehicular access, or traffic flows, or places pedestrians in danger when in use, or
- The tables and chairs obstruct the safe passage of users of the footway or carriageway, or
- The area to be licensed interferes with sight lines for any road users such as at road junctions, or pedestrian crossing facilities, or
- The site does not allow the licence holder, staff and customers to park in a safe manner, or
- The trading activity is carried out after dusk and the site is not adequately lit to allow safe access and egress from the site for both customers and staff.
- The existing toilet and washing facilities are not adequate to accommodate an increased number of customers using the pavement café, or
- The Council is not satisfied that applicants have made satisfactory arrangements for the storage and collection of all refuse associated with their business or
- The Council is not satisfied that applicants have made satisfactory arrangements for the storage of all tables and chairs off the highway without impeding any access or egress from the premises.

In considering the above matters, the standard guidance will be that a licence will only be issued if an unimpeded pedestrian route can be maintained, at all times. The route shall ensure that all pedestrians and particularly those with a disability can maintain their normal path where feasible. All applications will be considered on their own merits.

Pavement café licences will only be issued to cafés, restaurants, public houses, or other catering establishments that serve food and drink within the premises.

The Council will carry out periodic inspections to make sure that all the terms and conditions of the licence are being observed.

A pre-licensing visit will be made to each premise upon receipt of an application for the grant, renewal, or variation of a pavement café licence, to discuss the application

process, the proposed operation of the café etc. to provide advice and information to the applicant.

Once the pavement café licence has been issued, a further visit will be made to the premises to review the practical day-to-day operation of the pavement café. An additional visit may also be undertaken to ensure the premises is meeting licence conditions.

## **2. Legal Framework and Controls**

Permissions to use the highway for pavement cafés are granted by the issue of licences by the Council as the Highway Authority under Section 115E of the Highways Act 1980. Tables and chairs placed on the highway without permission are an illegal obstruction and the Council will take enforcement action in such cases. A fine of up to £1,000 can be levied by a Magistrates' Court for committing an offence of obstructing the highway.

Granting a licence to operate a pavement café does not imply an exclusive right to the area. The operator of the pavement café should be aware that the Council reserves the right to gain access to the pavement café area for cleaning, repairing, and maintaining the highway or street furniture. Other statutory organisations may also require access for maintenance and repair of their equipment. The Council therefore reserves the right to suspend the licence temporarily if, for any reason, it becomes necessary.

If it appears to a council that a person to whom they have granted a permission under Section 115E above, has committed any breach of the terms of that permission, they may serve a notice on him requiring him to take such steps to remedy the breach as are specified in the notice within such time as is so specified.

If a person who is served a notice and fails to comply with the notice, the Council has the power to take whatever steps are necessary themselves.

Where the Council has incurred expenses in the exercise of the power, then those expenses, together with interest at a reasonable rate, may be recovered by the Council from the Licence holder.

Under the terms of the Highways Act 1980, the Council cannot grant permission unless it obtains the express consent of interested frontages that may be materially affected by the proposal.

(Section 115A(7) of the 1980 Act states that "frontages" means: "the owners and occupiers of any premises adjoining the part of the highway on, in or over which facilities for recreation or refreshment or both, have been, are being or would be provided.")

For express consent to be required, the frontage would have to be affected by the placing of the structure etc. between his own frontage and the highway, rather than a structure adjacent to his own frontage.

The pavement café must operate in accordance with the conditions of the licence. Any breach of the conditions may lead to action by the Licensing Section to revoke or refuse a licence in the future.

The Council will not permit any wheeled refuse containers, beer kegs, bottle crates on or adjacent to the pavement café area.

The barriers, table, chairs, and layout shall be as agreed by the Council and conform to the plan at all times.

The Licence holder shall make no claims or charge against the Council in the event of the street furniture being lost, stolen or damaged in any way from whatever cause except where the same is attributable to negligence of the part of the Council or any of its officers.

If for whatever period or reason a public liability insurance policy is not in force, the Council shall be deemed to have withdrawn this Licence for the period during which the said policy is not in force and the licence holder may be held liable for obstruction of the highway and prosecution under Section 137 of the Act.

The licence holder shall not cause or undertake any alterations to the highway surface.

The licence holder shall not assign, sub-let or part with his interest or possession of a licence.

The Council may suspend or terminate a licence if any of the conditions of the licence are breached.

The licence does not take precedence over Police powers to preserve public order.

### **3. Private Land**

This policy relates only to pavement cafés on a public highway. Pavement cafés on private land are not covered by this policy. However, although a pavement café on private land may not need a licence, it may require planning permission if the structures and fittings are not of a temporary nature.

Land that might to be private may in fact have become part of the highway if the public have enjoyed access over it for at least twenty years or if the Council has formally adopted the land. Before proceeding, it would be wise to check with Council Planning Services to establish if planning permission is necessary.

## **4. Right of Access**

Authorised Officers of the Council and Police Officers shall have access to a pavement café at all reasonable times.

## **5. Advertising**

Advertising of alcoholic products is permitted, although alcoholic drink promotions are not to be advertised on any barriers neither are price listing of any alcoholic products. Any advertising of alcoholic products or changes of advertising must be approved by the authority, despite a pavement café licence being issued.

Legislation and the policy will not permit the advertising of tobacco and smoking products, which includes vaping products, and this includes advertizing the manufacturers or brands associated with such products on any barriers or furniture within the pavement café area.

## **6. Designing the Pavement Café**

The size and layout of the proposed pavement café will be dependent upon the characteristics of the site outside of the premises particularly the space available, taking into account the needs of other users and it is not appropriate for this policy to set a standard size for the pavement café.

Plans will need to be submitted with an application and shall be drawn to scale and must include:

- An up-to-date location plan (1:1250 scale) showing the outline of the premises and the proposed location of the pavement café.
- Site layout plan (1:100 or 1:50 scale) showing the proposed boundary, kerb and building lines, enclosure barriers, points of access, table and seating layout, location of parasols, heaters etc.

The layout of furniture and means of enclosure will only be approved if adequate provision has been made for customers with disabilities.

The pavement café should:

- occupy an area directly in front of the applicant's premises,
- be visible from these premises, and
- Not extend beyond the width of its frontage (unless in exceptional circumstances and granted by Licensing Authority).

Emergency routes from adjacent buildings and the applicant's premises should not be obstructed by the pavement café. If the emergency services object to the proposal on safety grounds, it is very likely that the Council will refuse it.

It is noted that the way businesses wish to use a pavement café facility can change at different times and days of each week. As such an applicant may wish to submit multiple plans for different days or different times or certain occasions. (No charge will be made for alternative layouts).

## **7. Minimum Unobstructed Space Criteria**

On a normal street, there must remain at least 2.0 metres of unobstructed space between the carriageway and the front of the pavement café to allow pedestrians to pass by safely.

Each case will be judged on its merits and the unobstructed space will be set between 2.0 and 2.75 metres according to the frequency of pedestrian usage and other relevant parameters. This requirement may however be waived by the Council in certain locations but ultimately, the decision will be made on safety grounds.

## **8. Lighting**

The applicant for a pavement café licence should, if intending to open beyond dusk, carefully consider the level of lighting in the proposed pavement café area. Whilst street lighting may be perfectly adequate for a public highway, it may need supplementing to allow the pavement café to operate safely. Any additional lighting equipment and supply must be specified in the application to enable its impact upon the highway to be considered.

## **9. Tables and Chairs**

Table and chairs shall be of a neutral colour scheme e.g. chrome, brushed aluminium, black, brown, beige, grey or white, with natural or neutral stained timber or wicker detailing.

The Council reserves the right to reject applications where inappropriate furniture is proposed. It is advisable to discuss furniture proposals with Licensing Officers before any furniture is purchased. Full details of proposed furniture will be required upon submission of the application, including metric dimensions and material and a photo or drawing. When choosing furniture regard needs to be had of the highway surface on which it will stand uneven or sloping surfaces may require more sturdy styles of furniture and tables and chairs with narrow or thin legs may cause damage to certain paving, hours of proposed furniture, accompanied with photographs or drawings.

## **10. Parasols**

If you intend to use parasols their metric dimensions, materials and colour must be specified as part of the application and their proposed locations shown on the site layout plan.

Parasols, when opened, should be safely secured, and contained entirely within the boundaries of the pavement café to ensure they do not cause an obstruction or present a danger to any user of the pavement café or any other users of the highway.

The design and colour of parasols will not be restricted to a particular type, but they should be made of high-quality materials and fabric and be of a uniform design and colour. Garden style umbrellas are not acceptable. The base of the parasol must not cause a trip hazard in the pavement café area.

The only advertising permitted on parasols is the name of the business or relating to the branding of alcohol, food, or beverage products. Such advertising must not be dominant and should not detract from the appearance of the building and its setting, especially in conservation areas. Parasols' advertising tobacco will not be allowed.

Canopies, awnings, blinds etc. which are to be attached to the building may require advertisement consent or planning permission. Advice should be sought from Newport City Council Planning Services. See the contacts section at the end of this guide.

## **11. Space Heaters**

If space heaters are intended to be used, their metric dimensions, materials and colour must be specified as part of the application and their proposed locations shown on the site layout.

In considering an application, the City Council will have regard to the inherent safety of the equipment, its location, storage of liquid petroleum gas cylinders, maintenance, and training arrangements.

The applicant will be required to submit a formal risk assessment as required by the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 in support of an application. This should be carried out by a competent person (someone who has knowledge of the law, British Standards, and Health and Safety Executive Codes of Practice and Guidance).

The City Council will consider the adequacy of the risk assessment which must:

- Identify the hazards e.g. fire, explosion, burns, impact from falling equipment / cylinders
- Decide who may be harmed and how
- Evaluate the risks and decide whether proposed precautions will be adequate or whether more could be done.
- Record findings
- Review assessment and revise if necessary

## **12. Barriers**

Barriers or other means of enclosure are required in order to ease/guide pedestrian movement, guide the visually impaired, protect users of the facility and mark the boundary of the licensed area.

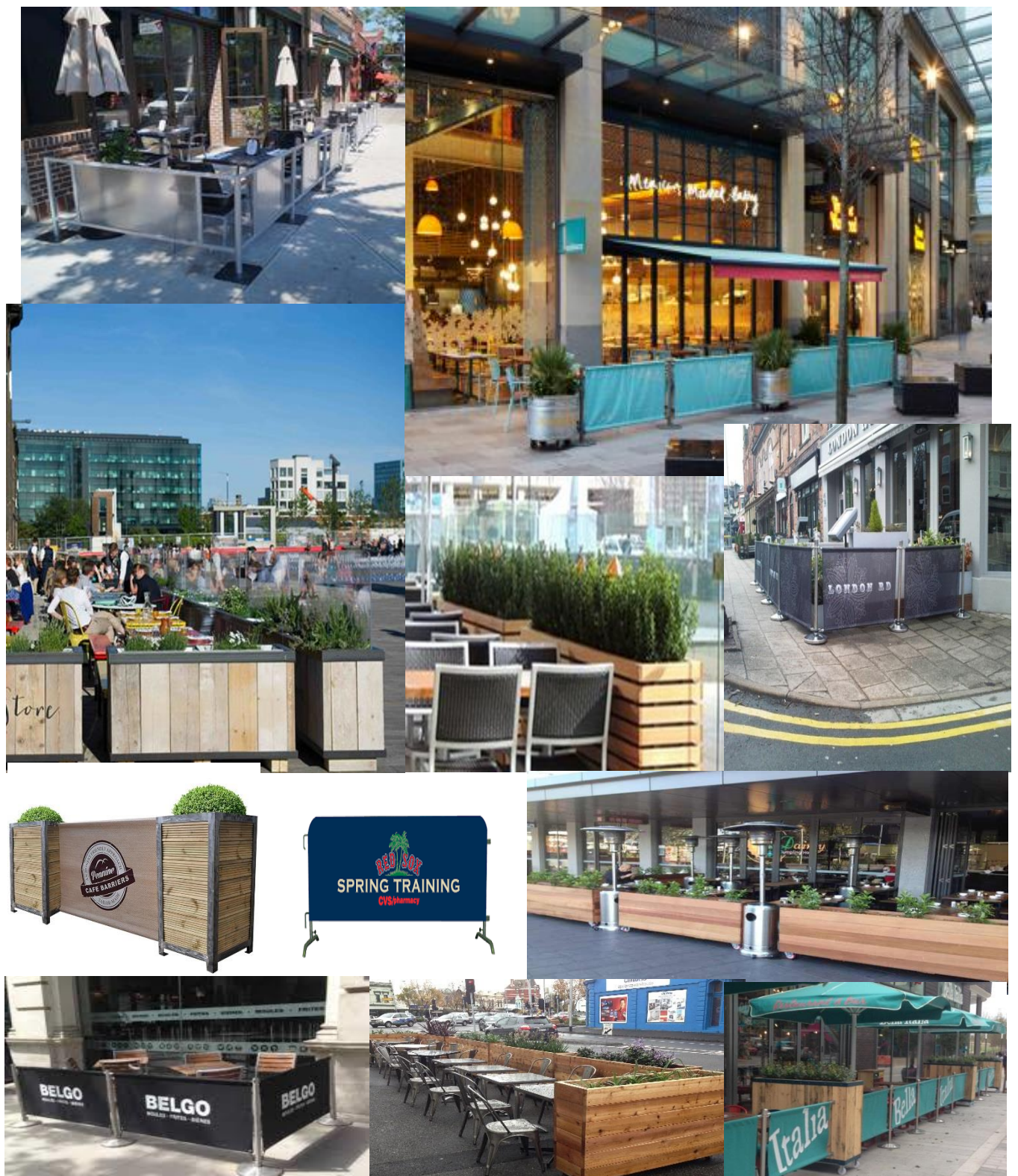
The agreed pavement café boundaries shown on the plan that will be attached to the licence if successful must be adhered to at all times. The boundaries are required to be enclosed by either barriers or planters. These must be portable.

It is essential that the means of enclosure is fit for purpose and suitable for the terrain in which that the pavement café operates. Should the Council deem barriers unsafe, there may be a request for tables and chairs to be removed until suitable barriers are provided. The means of enclosure must:

- Be stable and sturdy for all weather conditions in which the pavement café will operate, including windy conditions: additional weights may be necessary to ensure barriers remain stable and secure.

- Not contain protruding parts.
- Have a tapping rail along the bottom of the barrier that visually impaired pedestrians can use to navigate around the pavement café using a stick;
- Hoops or post and chain type barriers and low-level objects will not be acceptable.
- **Barriers must not be permanently fixed to the ground where this is public highway unless approved by Newport City Council.**

### 13. Example of Good Practice



## Examples of furniture not permitted



### 14. Managing the pavement café, Entertainment, Insurance.

A vibrant, safe, clean and well managed, day and night-time economy can go a long way to boosting the local economy through attracting visitors and stimulating a hive of culture and creative activity in the local community.

Evidence suggests that cities and town centres with lively streets and people moving around in them, make people feel safe. Outside areas and entertainment contributes to providing a vibrant atmosphere within a city.

There exists the concern that entertainment taking place outside, can cause nuisance to both local residents and neighbouring businesses including other Licence premises. As such any permitted entertainment taking place in pavement café areas is required to be controlled, so to provide a vibrant atmosphere but not one that would cause nuisance to the city centre or create a culture of licence premises competing with themselves regarding noise levels. As such pavement café areas entertainment will be required to be set as background levels (see Licence Conditions). Licensing Officers will be happy to meet with Licence Holders to ensure appropriate levels are set.

On occasions organised events take place within the city centre, and such events would expected to involve live and recorded music in the pavement café seated areas beyond background levels. If such an event occurs, the Licensing Authority will make a consideration. Authorisation may be possible by Licensing Officers. This would be made in writing to the business. In such situations, the event may reach the threshold requiring a Temporary Event Notice under the Licensing Act 2003, this is possible in circumstances where background noise levels are exceeded, possibly where there are live bands, entertainment, and louder recorded music

The licensee will be required to indemnify the Council against all actions, demands, costs, charges, or expenses arising from using the highway under the permission

granted. The Council will, therefore, require the licensee to take out third party public liability insurance.

## **15. Operation**

Hours of operation will be determined on the application merits; although the following maximum hours will apply;

The standard licensing hours for street furniture will only be granted between the hours of 08:00hrs until a 23:30hrs.

For key city centre locations (Cambrian Road, High Street, Market Street, and Bridge Street) and for premises licenced under the Licensing Act 2003, the maximum to be granted will be from 10:30am until 02:00hrs. It should be noted, to trade later than 23:30hrs, the premises will be required to meet several "Late-night Conditions".

No Alcohol or food should be served or taken into outside area (other soft drinks and water) after either 23:30hrs or 02:00hrs. After 23:30 or 02:00hrs the outside area can be continued to be used by the premises as a smoking area or queuing areas only until either the premises closes or no later than 04:00hrs. After 04:00hrs no customers should be present in the outside areas other than for egress from inside premises.

The Licensing Authority can on occasion give written temporary permission to premises to operate outside the above hours in the interest of an event, for example midnight market, international sporting event etc.

Licences are granted for a maximum of one years and are renewable.

A copy of the Licence and plan must be always kept on the premises and be available for inspection. When the area of a pavement café has been agreed, a definitive plan of the area showing the boundaries and the dimensions will be attached to, and form part of, the Licence.

It should be noted the hours above the maximum hours maybe required to be reduced or tailored to the environment of the area and should not cause significant noise nuisance or anti-social behaviour to local residents.

## **16. Fees**

The full cost for a pavement café licence involves both an administration fee and an approved licence fee.

The **administration fee** for processing a pavement café licence application is £175.50 and covers the administrative and legal costs incurred in the preparation and issuing of the licence.

Upon successful application, the **approved licence fee** will be required in addition to the administration fee. This covers the monitoring and enforcement and is based upon the number of chairs and tables and hours of use.

<b>Capacity of Outside Area.</b>	<b>Fee*</b>
Capacity under 35 persons	£64.50
Capacity 36 to 95 persons	£99.50
Capacity 95 to 155 persons	£175.50
155+ persons	£216.50
If the Premises wishes to simply operate an "Smoking Area" or queuing area.	£58.50
Change of name on licence or duplicate licence.	£29

\*This fee will be subject to an annual review and may increase, (where statutory social distance is in place the lowest fee will be required to be paid and application fee waived)

## **17. Granting of a licence**

Under the terms of the Highways Act 1980, the Council is required to advertise applications for pavement café licences for not less than 28 days by posting notices in the vicinity of the proposed pavement café. These notices set out details of the proposals and invite representations to be made by people who may be affected. If no objections are raised, the Licence will be granted within 5 working days, if an objection is raised, the delegated Service Manager will be required to determine the application within 20 working days.

## **18. CONDITIONS FOR PAVEMENT CAFÉ LICENCES.**

**Please note that these conditions are not an exhaustive list, and each application will be considered on its own merits and bespoke conditions may be attached where deemed appropriate.**

1. The maximum permitted hours of operation as stated on the attached licence shall not be exceeded without prior permission from the Council.
2. A copy of the licence and pavement café layout must remain at the premises and must be produced to any authorised officer on request.

3. Food or non-alcoholic drinks must be available at all times when the pavement café is open (unless simply used as a smoking area.)
4. Posts, barriers tables and chairs shall not be placed upon the highway before the commencement of operational hours and shall be removed entirely before the end of the operational hours unless written consent has been obtained by the Licensing Authority or Council. The area shall be left clean and tidy and free of any rubbish. Where consent has been obtained to leave items on the highway the premises is responsible to ensure the area including the road surface is cleaned.
5. Furniture stored within the premises should not at any time block a fire exit.
6. The advertising of cigarettes or smoking products is prohibited
7. Barriers and parasols can advertise the name of the business or with permission from the authority to advertise a brand for example a beer company.
8. The pavement café area must be supervised at all times whilst it is operational.
9. No amplified live or recorded music shall be played within any part of the pavement café (unless written approval has been obtained from the licensing authority or a temporary event notice has been approved). Acoustic musician(s) or entertainment with no amplification will be permitted between the hours of Midday and 21:30hrs. However, such music or entertainment cannot cause public or statutory nuisance to local residents or businesses. TV screens can be located within the outside areas but the level of noise from TVs should be set at background levels. Background recorded music can also be played in the outside areas throughout the licensing hours.
10. Emergency routes from adjacent buildings and the applicant's premises shall not be obstructed by the pavement café.
11. The licence holder shall not cause or permit any alterations to the highway surface.
12. The licence holder shall not assign, sub-let, or part with his interest or possession of a licence.
13. If requested by a police officer or an authorised officer of the Council, all items shall be removed from the highway. These items shall remain off the highway for as long as is required.
14. The licence holder shall be responsible for the conduct of people, both patrons and employees, within the pavement café area.
15. Patrons shall not be permitted to remove food, drinks, crockery or any cutlery from the pavement café.
16. All furniture shall be of high quality constructed of wood or metal and approved by the Council.
17. Parasols, when opened must not overhang the boundary of the pavement café and must remain closed in periods of high winds.
18. Permitted receptacles to be used within the pavement café are:
  - Glasses made of toughened or tempered safety glass

- Glasses made of polycarbonate or plastic
- Paper Cups
- China cups, saucers and plates

19. The use of barbecues, rotisseries, ice cream machines, or any other equipment for the preparation and/or sale of food for consumption on or off the premises will not be permitted within the pavement café area unless approved by the Licensing Authority to facilitate an organised event in the City Centre for example a food or music festival. Mobile bars, bottle bars are permitted within the outside area though premises will be required to include the area within the Premises Licence plans under the provisions of the Licensing Act 2003.
20. The entire pavement café (apart from entrances) shall be enclosed in its entirety with a suitable barrier, the design, and dimensions of which must be agreed, in writing, by the Council. Space will be required for circulation and access within the enclosed area in addition to that for tables and equipment.
21. All activity associated with the pavement café shall be contained within the boundary including tables, chairs and other permitted equipment.
22. The agreed boundary and layout of the pavement café as defined by the plan attached to the Licence shall not be altered without the express permission of the Council.
23. Barriers must not be permanently fixed to the ground on a public highway (unless approved by Newport City Council)
24. A minimum distance of 2.0 metres between the edge of the pavement café and the edge of any adjacent carriageway or vehicle route shall be maintained.
25. The licence holder shall keep the area within the boundaries clean and litter free at all times. Any litter that escapes from the inside of the licensed area to the outside of the area shall be collected by the licence holder.
26. The licence holder shall provide Public Liability insurance cover for the pavement café and shall indemnify the Council against all claims in respect of injury, damage or loss arising out of the granting of permission, (eg damage to the highway or highway furniture) If for whatever period or reason a public liability insurance policy is not in force, the Council shall be deemed to have withdrawn this Licence for the period during which the said policy is not in force and the licence holder may be held liable for obstruction of the highway and prosecution under Section 137 of the Act.
27. The pavement café license holder will need to ensure the management team of the business to which the pavement café license is attached; register and successfully complete the nationally recognised counter terrorism training product referred to as ACT E Learning within 10 days of the notification of the grant of the Pavement License OR can demonstrate that the ACT E Learning product has successfully been completed within the preceding 12 months and

that all staff employed by OR at the premises complete the ACT E Learning within a reasonable period not exceeding 3 months from the notification of the grant of the Pavement License.(Act E Learning certificates are provided on successful on-line completion). To log on and register for ACT E Learning, visit <https://ct.highfieldelearning.com>

28. Where repair or maintenance of the pavement/highway is to be undertaken, Newport City Council will not be liable for any loss of trade and/or income whilst repair/maintenance is carried out. The Licence Holder/s must allow the Council reasonable access for such works.
29. Where gas heaters are used, the connections, including the regulator, hose & clips must be fit for purpose and checked on a regular basis and not be exposed in such a way that they are a trip hazard.
30. Customers using the pavement café will be required to be seated at a table and the Seated area should not be utilised as a vertical drinking area, where over 25% of the area is utilised as standing area this will be deemed as a vertical drinking area.
31. All drinking vessels shall be polycarbonate, plastic, paper at request of Gwent Police Licensing Team in light of any higher risk events taking place within the city for example football games or street festivals.

#### **“Late” Night Conditions after 23:30hrs**

In addition to the above conditions the following Conditions will be attached to premises operating the outside area after 23:30hrs, other than the use of a smoking area.

32. The pavement café license holder will need to ensure that existing CCTV systems are correctly working and cover the pavement café areas and are compliant with the Data Protection Act 1998, Information Commissioners requirements and any other local CCTV Code of Conduct produced by the Police or Local Authority. Imagery must be retained for at least 28 days and images produced to a Police Officer or Local Authority Enforcement Officer upon reasonable request. Faults which render the CCTV system or parts of it inoperable should normally be rectified within 24 hours.
33. The pavement café license holder will need to ensure that all SIA Door Staff utilised at the premises has undertaken ACT E Learning and holds Act E Learning certificate. Training must be undertaken every 2 years. To log on and register for ACT E Learning, visit <https://ct.highfieldelearning.com>
34. The outside area cannot be utilised as a vertical drinking area and tables and chairs must remain in the outside area until 02:00hrs for customers to utilise.
35. The outside area should be monitored by staff at all times, SIA door Staff must be present from 20:30hrs on Friday, Saturday and Bank Holiday Sundays if the premises is intending to operate the outside area after 23:30hrs.

36. All SIA Door staff must be from an ACS (Approved Contractor Scheme) company. (For those premises that do not meet this requirement, there will be a period of 6-months from the introduction of this policy to meet the requirement).
37. Door staff should be located at the entrance of the outside areas from 20:30hrs on Friday, Saturday, or Bank Holiday Sunday till close. Door staff are required to wear either a high visibility jacket, vest, or high visibility arm License Badge Holder clearly on display.
38. No alcoholic drinks are permitted in the outside area after 02:00hrs, although the areas can be utilised as a smoking areas and customers are permitted to take non-alcoholic drinks and food into the areas until 04:00hrs.
39. Safe capacity limits must be monitored both within the outside areas and inside the premises.

## **19. Revocation / Review / Vary Conditions / Reduction of Hours Granting of a licence.**

Premises that fail to comply with the above conditions could ultimately see a pavement café licence revoked. Though where issues do arise the Licensing Authority will engage with the Licence Holder to try and resolve any issues caused by the pavement café licence. This may result in the Licensing Authority looking to adding further conditions to the pavement café licence or reducing the capacity, licensing hours or to reconfigure the pavement café licence area. If a licence is revoked a partial refund will be issued by the Authority for the outstanding months that have not be utilised by the licence holder. There are no statutory appeal processes to contest a revoked licence, although the officer/authority decision can be reviewed via the Council Corporate Complaints Procedure.